

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2016

County of Cumberland, Virginia Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2016

County of Cumberland, Virginia

Financial Report June 30, 2016

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Lloyd Banks, Jr., Chair Kevin Ingle, Vice-Chair David Meinhard William F. Osl, Jr. Parker Wheeler

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Ginger Sanderson, Chair

George Lee Dowdy Eurika Tyree Dr. Christine Ross George Reid, Jr.

OTHER OFFICIALS

Chief Circuit Court Judge
Judge of the Circuit Court
Judge of the Circuit Court
Judge of the Circuit Court
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Judge of the General District Court
Judge of the Juvenile Domestic Relations Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Commissioner of the Revenue
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
County Administrator

Leslie M. Osborn
Donald C. Blessing
Kimberley S. White
S. Anderson Nelson
Sarah "Kate" Spry
Robert G. Woodson, Jr.
Marvin Dunkum
Patricia D. Scales
Julie Phillips
L.O. Pfeiffer, Jr.
Darrell Hodges
Amy Griffin
Karen Blackwell
Vivian Seay Giles

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table of Contents

		Page						
Indonondent Aud	itars/ Donart	1-3						
Independent Auditors' Report								
Management's Discussion and Analysis								
Basic Financial S	tatements:							
Government-wi	de Financial Statements:							
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position	10						
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	11-12						
Fund Financial	Statements:							
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	13						
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— Governmental Funds	14						
Exhibit 5	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities—Governmental Funds	15						
Exhibit 6	Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Funds	16						
Exhibit 7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Funds	17						
Exhibit 8	Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds	18						
Exhibit 9	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	19						
Notes to Final	ncial Statements	20-72						
Required Supple	mentary Information:							
Exhibit 10	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual—General Fund	73						
Exhibit 11	Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios—Primary Government	74						

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table of Contents (Continued)

		Page
Required Supple	ementary Information: (Continued)	
Exhibit 12	Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios—Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	75
Exhibit 13	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan	76
Exhibit 14	Schedule of Employer Contributions	77
Exhibit 15	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	78
Other Suppleme	entary Information:	
Exhibit 16	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Agency Funds	79
Exhibit 17	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—Agency Funds	80
Discretely Pres	sented Component Unit—School Board:	
Exhibit 18	Combining Balance Sheet	81
Exhibit 19	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	82
Exhibit 20	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	83
Exhibit 21	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	84
Discretely Pres	sented Component Unit—Industrial Development Authority:	
Exhibit 22	Statement of Net Position	85
Exhibit 23	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	86
Exhibit 24	Statement of Cash Flows	87
Supporting Sch	nedules:	
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues—Budget and Actual—Governmental Funds	88-92
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Governmental Funds	93-97

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2016

Table of Contents (Continued)

		Page
Other Statistica	al Information:	
Table 1	Government-wide Expenses by Function	98
Table 2	Government-wide Revenues	99
Table 3	General Government Revenues by Source	100
Table 4	General Government Expenditures by Function	101
Table 5	Property Tax Levies and Collections	102
Table 6	Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Property Tax Rates	103
Table 7	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	104
Compliance:		
Compliance	Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on e and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed nce with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	105-106
	t Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on ontrol over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	107-108
Schedule of	Expenditures of Federal Awards	109-110
Notes to Sch	nedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	111
Schedule of	Findings and Questioned Costs	112

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Cumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Cumberland, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application, 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and 82 Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension funding on pages 4-9, 73 and 74-78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Cumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia

November 30, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Cumberland County County of Cumberland, Virginia

As management of the County of Cumberland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

• The net position of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,579,894 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing (uses) over revenues and other financing sources by \$508,767 (Exhibit 4). General Fund contributions to the School Board totaled \$3,781,624 for the current fiscal year.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$5,269,308 a decrease of \$1,455,495 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,822,395 or 30.4% of total general fund expenditures.
- Governmental term obligations decreased \$1,903,614 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>—The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private—sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business—type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Cumberland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and a service authority for which the County of Cumberland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>—A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Cumberland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds—the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>—Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Water and Sewer Fund provides a centralized source for water and sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u>—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units - School Board and IDA. The School Board and IDA do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,579,894 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

County of Cumberland's Net Position											
		Governmental Activities					ss-type vities	Totals			
		2016		2015	-	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Current assets Deferred outflows of resources Noncurrent assets	\$	9,529,210 828,528 26,859,845		10,851,496 642,123 29,136,918	\$	53,927 S	\$ (34,481) \$ - 8,747,298	\$ 9,583,137 \$ 828,528 <u>35,600,172</u>	10,817,015 642,123 37,884,216		
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	37,217,583	\$	40,630,537	\$	8,794,254	\$ 8,712,817	\$ <u>46,011,837</u> \$	49,343,354		
Long-term liabilities outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Current liabilities Total liabilities and deferred inflows		3,756,421 3,437,886	_	3,910,445 3,544,902	-	77,166	69,462	\$ 34,160,470 \$ 3,756,421 3,515,052 \$ 41,431,943 \$	36,221,055 3,910,445 3,614,364 43,745,864		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	(6,202,819) 397,069 3,837,280		(6,319,589) 396,731 5,106,816	\$	6,374,444 S 141,907 32,013	\$ 6,321,257 S 141,394 (49,119)	\$ 171,625 \$ 538,976 3,869,293	1,668 538,125 5,057,697		
Total net position	\$	(1,968,470)) \$	(816,042)	\$	6,548,364	\$ <u>6,413,532</u>	\$ <u>4,579,894</u> \$	5,597,490		

The County's net position decreased by \$1,017,596 during the current fiscal year.

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

Governmental Activities—Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$1,152,428. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

County of Cumberland, Virginia's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governn	Governmental Activities			Business-type	Activities	Total	ls	
	2016		2015		2016	2015	2016	2015	
Revenues:			_						
Program revenues:									
	\$ 275,17	70 \$	2,829,245	\$	376,586 \$	363,285 \$	651,756 \$	3,192,530	
Operating grants									
and contributions	2,802,46	52	2,700,794		-	-	2,802,462	2,700,794	
Capital grants and									
contributions	1,131,90	00	1,131,900		-	6,800	1,131,900	1,138,700	
General revenues:									
General property taxes	8,616,54		8,338,761		-	-	8,616,541	8,338,761	
Other local taxes	978,72	23	984,107		-	-	978,723	984,107	
Grants and other contri-									
butions not restricted	1,316,05		1,370,941		-	-	1,316,056	1,370,941	
Other general revenues	194,01	15	155,637	_	632	264	194,647	155,901	
Total revenues	\$ 15,314,86	<u>57</u> \$	17,511,385	\$_	377,218 \$	370,349 \$	15,692,085 \$	17,881,734	
Expenses:									
General government									
	\$ 1,465,91	10 \$	1,214,016	\$	- \$	- \$	1,465,910 \$	1,214,016	
Judicial administration	511,44		554,421	Ψ	Ψ -	- ·	511,441	554,421	
Public safety	2,475,68		2,554,065		_	_	2,475,680	2,554,065	
Public works	1,342,07		1,464,246		_	_	1,342,077	1,464,246	
Health and welfare	2,206,63		1,932,796		_	_	2,206,638	1,932,796	
Education	6,149,40		7,070,705		_	_	6,149,408	7,070,705	
Parks, recreation,	0/11//10		7,070,700				0,117,100	7,070,700	
and cultural	189,67	75	204,057		_	_	189,675	204,057	
Community development	344,23		297,632		_	_	344,232	297,632	
Interest and other	0,20	_	277,002				0.17202	277,7002	
fiscal charges	1,273,46	57	1,374,340		_	_	1,273,467	1,374,340	
Water and sewer	1,=10,11	_	-		751,153	730,577	751,153	730,577	
Total expenses	\$ 15,958,52	28 \$	16,666,278	\$ <u>_</u>	751,153 \$	730,577 \$	16,709,681 \$	17,396,855	
Increase(decrease) in net									
position before transfers	\$ (643,66	51) \$	845,107	\$	(373,935) \$	(360,228) \$	(1,017,596) \$	484,879	
Transfers	(508,76	67 <u>)</u>	(50,806)	_	508,767	50,806	<u> </u>		
Change in net position	\$ (1,152,42	28) \$	794,301	\$	134,832 \$	(309,422) \$	(1,017,596) \$	484,879	
Net position, beginning	(816,04	42 <u>)</u>	(1,610,343)	_	6,413,532	6,722,954	5,597,490	5,112,611	
Net position, ending	\$ (1,968,47	70) \$	(816,042)	\$_	6,548,364 \$	6,413,532 \$	4,579,894 \$	5,597,490	

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

For the most part, increases in expenditures closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>—The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near—term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$5,269,308, a decrease of \$1,455,495 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 92% of this total amount constitutes unassigned undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is segregated to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were \$1,233,494 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$242,979 in increases for public safety
- \$493,593 in increases for health and welfare
- \$197,091 in increases for general government

Of this increase, \$308,101 was to be funded from state and federal revenues and most of the remainder was from fund balances.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

• <u>Capital assets</u>—The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and enterprise operations as of June 30, 2016 totals \$35,061,196 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u>—At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$34,889,571 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The County's total debt decreased \$2,454,851 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Cumberland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for the County was 4.6 percent in June 2016.

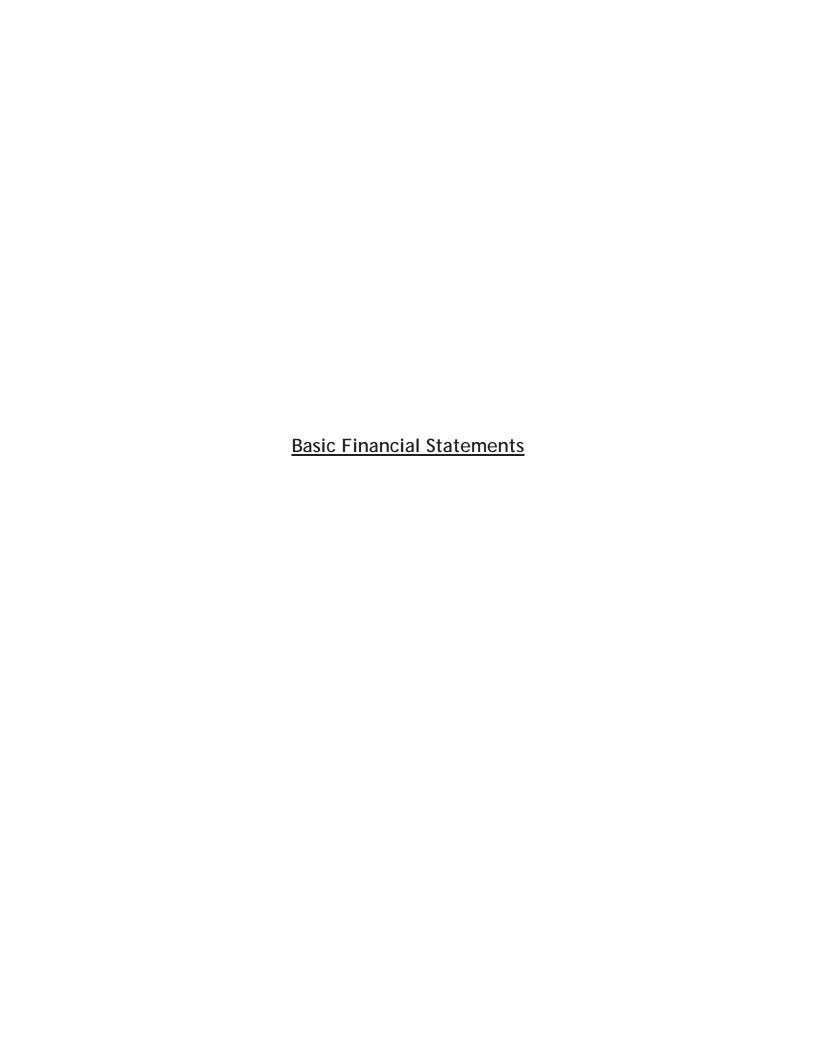
• Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2017 General Fund's budget increased from \$13,711,921 to \$14,083,567.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Cumberland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 110, Cumberland, Virginia 23040.









ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	Governmental Activities 3,964,077 \$ 4,414,356 54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ 397,069 142,089	Business - Type Activities 80,261 \$ 43,666 - (70,000) 53,927 \$ 141,907	Total 4,044,338 \$ 4,414,356 98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$ - \$ 538,976	School Board 713,296 \$ 52,740 - 469,541 - 1,235,577 \$ 344,308 \$	96,580
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	Activities 3,964,077 \$ 4,414,356 54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069 142,089	80,261 \$ 43,666 - (70,000) 53,927 \$	4,044,338 \$ 4,414,356 98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	Board 713,296 \$	96,580 - - - - - -
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Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	4,414,356 54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ 397,069	43,666 - (70,000) 53,927 \$	4,414,356 98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	52,740 - - 469,541 - - 1,235,577 \$	- - - -
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	4,414,356 54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ 397,069	43,666 - (70,000) 53,927 \$	4,414,356 98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	52,740 - - 469,541 - - 1,235,577 \$	- - - -
uncollectibles): Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	(70,000) 53,927 \$	98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	469,541 - 1,235,577 \$	96,580
Property taxes Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	54,930 35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	(70,000) 53,927 \$	98,596 35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	469,541 - 1,235,577 \$	96,580
Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	35,580 507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	(70,000) 53,927 \$	35,580 507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	469,541 - 1,235,577 \$	96,580
Due from component units Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	507,629 482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	53,927 \$	507,629 482,638 - 9,583,137 \$	469,541 - 1,235,577 \$	96,580
Due from other governments Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	482,638 70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	53,927 \$	482,638 - 9,583,137 \$ - \$	1,235,577 \$	96,580
Internal balances Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	70,000 9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069 142,089	53,927 \$	9,583,137 \$	1,235,577 \$	96,580
Total Current Assets \$ Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset \$ Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	9,529,210 \$ - \$ 397,069	53,927 \$	- \$		96,580
Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset \$ Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	- \$ 397,069 142,089	- \$	- \$		96,580
Net pension asset \$ Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	397,069 142,089			3/1/ 3U0 ¢	
Net pension asset \$ Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	397,069 142,089			3/1/ 3/08 ¢	
Restricted assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	397,069 142,089				_
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	142,089	,		511,000 ¢	63,388
Land Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements			550,776		00,000
Construction in progress Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements		22,458	164,547	121,421	535,846
Equipment Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	396,051	310,732	706,783	-	233,976
Infrastructure Buildings and improvements	382,565	119,079	501,644	775,031	
•	-	7,527,056	7,527,056	-	_
	4,051,667	619,095	4,670,762	3,502,312	1,452,045
Jointly owned assets	21,490,404	-	21,490,404	10,221,148	-
Total Noncurrent Assets \$	26,859,845 \$	8,740,327 \$	35,600,172 \$	14,964,220 \$	2,285,255
Total Assets \$	36,389,055 \$	8,794,254 \$	45,183,309 \$	16,199,797 \$	2,381,835
· •	30,307,033 \$	0,774,234 φ	43,103,307 \$	10,177,171 φ	2,301,033
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$	310,440 \$	- \$	310,440 \$	1,067,121 \$	-
Difference between actual and expected experience	176,995	-	176,995	3,531	-
Difference in proportion and differences between					
employer contributions	-	-	-	760,988	-
Accumulated decrease in fair value of					
hedging derivatives	341,093	-	341,093	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources \$	828,528 \$	- \$	828,528 \$	1,831,640 \$	
· •					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$	37,217,583 \$	8,794,254 \$	46,011,837 \$	18,031,437 \$	2,381,835
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable \$	104,147 \$	10,990 \$	115,137 \$	14,652 \$	99,980
Accrued liabilities	104,147 \$	10,770 \$	115,157 \$	672,079	77,700
Due to primary government	_			507,629	
Customer deposits	_	2,226	2,226	507,029	
Accrued interest payable	482,915	2,220	482,915		
Derivative instrument - rate swap	341,093		341,093		
Long-term liabilities:	341,073		341,073		
Due within one year	2,509,731	63,950	2,573,681	135,909	25,933
Due in more than one year	31,991,746	2,168,724	34,160,470	13,497,046	1,835,723
Total Liabilities \$	35,429,632 \$	2,245,890 \$	37,675,522 \$	14,827,315 \$	1,961,636
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Items related to measurement of net pension liability \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	826,738 \$	-
Difference between projected and actual earnings on					
plan investments	281,947	-	281,947	-	-
Difference between actual and expected experience	-	-	-	168,900	-
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions	-	-	-	67,560	-
Deferred revenue	3,474,474	<u> </u>	3,474,474		-
Total deferred inflows of resources \$	3,756,421 \$	\$	3,756,421 \$	1,063,198 \$	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets \$	(6,202,819) \$	6,374,444 \$	171,625 \$	13,998,762 \$	360,211
Restricted:					
Debt Service	397,069	141,907	538,976	-	-
Unrestricted	3,837,280	32,013	3,869,293	(11,857,838)	59,988
Total Net Position \$	(1,968,470) \$	6,548,364 \$	4,579,894 \$	2,140,924 \$	420,199
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			·		
and Net Position \$	37,217,583 \$	8,794,254 \$	46,011,837 \$	18,031,437 \$	2,381,835

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	1,465,910	\$	3,330	\$	227,741	\$	-
Judicial administration		511,441		147,639		314,018		-
Public safety		2,475,680		79,307		712,678		-
Public works		1,342,077		8,118		6,551		1,131,900
Health and welfare		2,206,638		-		1,541,474		-
Education		6,149,408		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		189,675		24,224		-		-
Community development		344,232		12,552		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		1,273,467		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$	15,958,528	\$	275,170	\$	2,802,462	\$	1,131,900
Business-type activities:								
Water and Sewer	\$	751,153	\$	376,586	\$	-	\$	-
Total business-type activities	\$	751,153	\$	376,586	\$	-	\$	-
Total primary government	\$_	16,709,681	\$	651,756	\$	2,802,462	\$	1,131,900
COMPONENT UNITS:								
School Board	\$	14,847,140	\$	231,568	\$	11,039,142	\$	-
IDA		132,607		-		156,314		-
Total component units	\$	14,979,747	\$	231,568	\$	11,195,456	\$	-
	0	oporal rovonue						

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Business license taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

County contribution to School Board

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Changes in Net Position
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

į		mary Governme		Component Units					
	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	_	Total		School Board		IDA
\$	(1,234,839) (49,784)	\$	-	\$	(1,234,839) (49,784)	\$	-	\$	-
	(1,683,695)		-		(1,683,695)		-		-
	(195,508)		-		(195,508)		-		-
	(665,164)		-		(665,164)		-		-
	(6,149,408)		-		(6,149,408)		-		-
	(165,451)		-		(165,451)		-		-
	(331,680)		-		(331,680)		-		-
	(1,273,467)		-	_	(1,273,467)		-		-
\$	(11,748,996)	\$	-	\$	(11,748,996)	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$	(374,567)	\$	(374,567)	\$	-	\$	-
\$	_	\$	(374,567)	_	(374,567)		_	\$	
\$	(11,748,996)	\$	(374,567)	_	(12,123,563)	_	-	\$	-
i		-		_		_			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,576,430)	\$	23,707
\$		\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	(3,576,430)	\$	23,707
Ψ		Ψ=		" =		Ψ=	(3,370,430)	. ^Ψ .	23,707
\$	8,616,541	\$	-	\$	8,616,541	\$	-	\$	-
	391,196		-		391,196		-		-
	173,690		-		173,690		-		-
	230,231		-		230,231		-		-
	96,873		-		96,873		-		-
	86,733		422		86,733		-		- 42,931
	83,689 110,326		632		84,321 110,326		494,769		42,931
	1,316,056		_		1,316,056		474,707		_
	1,310,030		-		1,310,030		5,323,786		- -
	(508,767)		508,767		_		-		_
\$	10,596,568	\$	509,399	\$	11,105,967	\$	5,818,555	\$	42,931
\$	(1,152,428)	-	134,832	_	(1,017,596)	_	2,242,125		66,638
-	(816,042)		6,413,532		5,597,490		(101,201)		353,561
\$	(1,968,470)	\$	6,548,364	\$	4,579,894	\$		\$	420,199







100770	_	General	County Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		0.040.040	440/4	0.0/4.077
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted asssets	\$	3,949,813 \$ 397,069	14,264 \$	3,964,077 397,069
Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):		4 414 257		4 414 257
Property taxes, including penalties Accounts receivable		4,414,356 54,930	-	4,414,356 54,930
Due from component units		507,629	-	507,629
Prepaid items		35,580	-	35,580
Due from other funds Due from other governmental units		70,000 482,638	-	70,000 482,638
Total assets	\$	9,912,015 \$	14,264 \$	
LIADILITIES				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	104,147 \$	- \$	104 147
Accounts payable	_			
Total liabilities	\$	104,147 \$	\$	104,147
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	\$	4,552,824 \$	- \$	4,552,824
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	\$	35,580	- \$	35,580
Restricted: Debt service		397,069	-	397,069
Assigned:			14,264	14 244
Capital projects Unassigned:		_	14,204	14,264
General	_	4,822,395		4,822,395
Total fund balances	\$	5,219,464 \$	14,264 \$	5,269,308
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	9,876,435 \$	14,264 \$	9,926,279
Detailed explanation of adjustments from balance sheet to governme	ent-wide	e statement of net	t postion:	
Total Fund Balances per Balance Sheet			\$	5,269,308
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be used or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditus tatement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets.	ıres in g	overnmental fund	ds. However, the	26,462,776
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, b when due.	ut rathe	er is recognized as	s an expenditure	(482,915)
whom duo.				(402,713)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term finance pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in the	receiva	ables) are offset		1,078,350
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period ein the funds.	expendit	cures and, therefo	re, are deferred	
Items related to the measurement of net pension liability				(281,947)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	a reduc	tion to the net pe	ension liability in	310,440
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activitive period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities.				
reported in the statement of net position - see note 8				(34,501,477)
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability Net position of general government activities			\$	176,995 (1,968,470)
Not position of general government activities			4	(1,700,470)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

Devertises	_	General		County Capital Projects	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ.	0 525 525	Φ.		φ.	0 525 525
General property taxes	\$	8,535,525	\$	-	\$	8,535,525
Other local taxes		978,723		-		978,723
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures		53,823		-		53,823
		102,033 83,306		383		102,033 83,689
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services		119,314		303		119,314
Miscellaneous		110,326		_		110,326
Intergovernmental:		110,320				110,320
Local government		1,131,900		_		1,131,900
Commonwealth		3,462,833		_		3,462,833
Federal		655,685		-		655,685
Total revenues	\$	15,233,468	\$	383	- \$	15,233,851
Expenditures: Current:	_		_		_	
General government administration	\$	1,455,925	\$	-	\$	1,455,925
Judicial administration		426,292		40.074		426,292
Public safety Public works		2,404,721		48,274		2,452,995
Health and welfare		1,340,675		-		1,340,675
Education		2,223,773 3,788,842		- 140,646		2,223,773 3,929,488
Parks, recreation, and cultural		193,257		140,040		193,257
Community development		347,466		_		347,466
Nondepartmental		10,842		-		10,842
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		2,484,866		-		2,484,866
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	1,315,000	-		-	1,315,000
Total expenditures	\$_	15,991,659	\$_	188,920	\$_	16,180,579
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(758,191)	\$_	(188,537)	\$_	(946,728)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	46,820	\$	46,820
Transfers (out)	_	(515,994)	_	(39,593)	_	(555,587)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(515,994)	\$_	7,227	\$_	(508,767)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,274,185)	\$	(181,310)	\$	(1,455,495)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	6,529,229		195,574	_	6,724,803
Fund balances at end of year	\$	5,255,044	\$	14,264	\$	5,269,308

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Primary Government Governmental
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			Funds
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,455,495)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period. The following details support this adjustment.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	248,134 (983,383)	(735,249)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit			(1,542,162)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of deferred taxes.			81,016
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability			367,910
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net postion. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items the treatment of long-term debt and related items. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:	•	0.007.544	
Principal retired on note payable and general obligation bonds Principal retired on state literary fund loans	\$ 	2,227,514 166,667	2,394,181
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Change in pension liability	\$	(448,972)	
Change in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to pension contribution payments		176,995	
subsequent to measurement date		5,047	
Change in compensated absenses		(37,232)	
Change in accrued interest payable	_	41,533	(262,629)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,152,428)

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2016

	 Water & Sewer Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,261	
Accounts receivable	 43,666	
Total current assets	\$ 123,927	
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets	\$ 141,907	
Capital Assets:		
Land	22,458	
Construction in progress	310,732	
Equipment, net of depreciation	119,079	
Infrastructure, net of depreciation	7,527,056	
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation	 619,095	
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 8,740,327	
Total Assets	\$ 8,864,254	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 10,990	
Customer deposits	2,226	
Due to other funds	70,000	
Long-term obligations, current portion	 63,950	
Total current liabilities	\$ 147,166	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term obligations, noncurrent portion	 2,168,724	
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,315,890	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,374,444	
Restricted:		
Debt Service	141,907	
Unrestricted assets	 32,013	
Total Net Position	\$ 6,548,364	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 8,864,254	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Water & Sewer Fund
Operating revenues:		
Water	\$	110,093
Sewer		248,129
Other charges for services		18,364
Total revenues	\$	376,586
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	\$	93,293
Fringe benefits		33,062
Contracted services		10,486
Other operating expenses		177,483
Depreciation	_	357,809
Total operating expenses	\$	672,133
Operating income (loss)	\$	(295,547)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$	632
Interest expense	_	(79,020)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(78,388)
Net income (loss) before transfers	\$	(373,935)
Transfers in	_	508,767
Change in net position	\$	134,832
Net position, beginning of year	_	6,413,532
Net position, end of year	\$	6,548,364

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Water & Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	-	
Receipts from customers and users	\$	364,897
Payments for salaries and fringe benefits		(124,153)
Payments for operating activities	_	(182,896)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	57,848
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Retirement of indebtedness	\$	(60,670)
Purchase of capital assets		(350,325)
Transfer from County for capital projects		508,767
Interest paid on loans	-	(79,020)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$_	18,752
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest income	\$_	632
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$_	632
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	77,232
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - (including restricted \$141,394)	_	144,936
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - (including restricted \$141,907)	\$_	222,168
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(295,547)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operations: Depreciation		357,809
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable		(11,689)
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable		5,073
Increase/(decrease) in compensated absenses	-	2,202
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	57,848

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2016

		Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	523,089
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for others	\$_	523,089

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Cumberland, Virginia was formed in 1749 and it is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Cumberland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u>—GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>—The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>—The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets-in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories-1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>—The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u>—Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget, final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Cumberland, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units—The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>Cumberland County School Board</u> The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report and does not have separate taxing powers. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosure (Continued)</u>

<u>Cumberland County Industrial Development Authority</u> The IDA Board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors and are responsible for the industrial development in the County. The IDA is fiscally dependent on the County. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The IDA does not issue a separate financial report and does not have separate taxing powers. The financial statements of the IDA are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

C. Other Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the board of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointment.

Included in the County's Annual Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

Crossroads Community Services Board

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The board's service area includes the counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Charlotte, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway and Cumberland. The Board is governed by a 15 member Board of Directors. One elected official and one consumer appointed by the County Board of Supervisors represents each County. The 15th member rotates between the Counties. Amelia County serves as the fiscal agent for the Board. The County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Piedmont Regional Jail Board

The Board was created in 1986 to develop, construct, operate and maintain the regional jail known as the Piedmont Regional Jail. The Jail's service area includes the counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, and Prince Edward. The Board is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of each of the involved counties. The Board of Directors has appointed the Treasurer of the County of Nottoway to serve as fiscal agent. The Board is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Water and Sewer Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>The Water and Sewer Fund</u>—This fund is used to account for the water system and the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems as well as the water distribution system.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds, which consist of the Special Welfare Fund, Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, Erosion and Sediment Control Bond Escrow Fund and the Health Insurance Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

4. Component Unit

The Cumberland County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Fund:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Cumberland and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales and state and federal grants. This fund is considered a major fund.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and School Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Restricted cash consists of reserve accounts established as required by Rural Development bond covenants.

G. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value. Investments in custody of others include unspent bond proceeds and accumulated interest that the County intends to use for the new government complex.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$191,241 at June 30, 2016 and is comprised of property taxes in the amount of \$174,256 and utility accounts in the amount of \$16,985.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due in two installments, the first on June 15th and the second on November 15th. Personal property taxes are payable November 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5
Office and computer equipment	5
Buses	12

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the derivative instrument reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Another item is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. The remaining items are difference between actual and expected experience, difference between actual and expected returns, and difference in proportion and differences between employer contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred amount on property tax revenue. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the net pension asset or liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Adoption of Account Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Statement generally requires investments to be measured at fair value. The Statement requires the County to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. The Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The County implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the County's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79. All required disclosures are located in Note 2.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, Pension Issues -an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73

The County early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. <u>Upcoming Pronouncements</u>

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

O. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Q. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

• Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance / resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

T. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts form 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

State statutes require that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investor Service. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rate Debt Investments' Values

	Fair Quality Ratings							
Rated Debt Investments		AAAm	Unrated					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	5,288 \$	-					
First America Treas Oblig Fund		12,444	-					
Bear Stearns Fund	_	-	384,625					
Total	\$	17,732 \$	384,625					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		Fair Value Measurement Using							
				Quoted Prices					
				in Active Markets					
		Balance		for Idential Assets					
Investment Type	_	June 30, 2016		(Level 1)					
First America Treas Oblig Fund Investments in derivative instruments	\$	12,444	\$	12,444					
Interest rate swap liability		341,093		341,093					
Total	\$	353,537	\$	353,537					

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2016, there is no portion of the County's portfolio, excluding the LGIP that exceed 5% of the total portfolio. At present the County does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In May 2016, the Board voted to convert the SNAP fund to an LGIP structure, which would be managed in conformance with GASB 79. On October 3, 2016, the Prime Series became a government money market fund and the name was changed to Government Select Series. The Government Select Series has a policy of investing at least 99.5% of its assets in cash, U.S. Government securities (including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities) and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully.

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Investment Maturities (in years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year					
Local Government Investment Pool Bear Stearns Fund	\$	5,288 384,625_\$	5,288 384,625					
Total	\$ _	389,913 \$	389,913					

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at June 30, 2016 are comprised of the following:

	Component					
	•		Unit			
		Activities	 Activities		Total	IDA
Debt service reserves	\$	397,069	\$ 141,907	\$	538,976 \$	63,388
Total	\$	397,069	\$ 141,907	\$	538,976 \$	63,388

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 3—Due From Other Governmental Units:

At June 30, 2016 the County and School Board had receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
State sales taxes	-	\$ 281,800
Local sales taxes	35,209	-
Communication taxes	30,586	-
Public assistance	29,041	-
Comprehensive services	187,169	-
Shared expenses	88,014	-
Other	59,849	-
Federal Government:		
School funds	-	187,741
Public assistance	52,770	
Total	482,638	\$\$

Note 4—Interfund Obligations/Due to/From Primary Government/Component Units:

Primary Government:

Fund	Interfund Receivable	_	Interfund Payable
General Sewer	\$ 70,000	\$	- 70,000
Total	\$ 70,000	\$	70,000

Details of obligations between the primary government and its component units as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit	Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit
Primary Government: General Component Unit-School Board:	\$	507,629	\$ -
School Operating	_	-	 507,629
Total	\$ ₌	507,629	\$ 507,629

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 5—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Fund	_	Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
General	\$	-	\$	515,994
County Capital Projects		46,820		39,593
Water and Sewer		508,767	_	
Total	\$	555,587	\$	555,587

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	_	Balance July 1, 2015	_	Additions	_	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2016
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	142,089	\$	-	\$	-	\$	142,089
Construction in progress	-	255,405	_	140,646		-		396,051
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	397,494	\$_	140,646	\$_	-	\$_	538,140
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	6,904,293 2,838,853 29,106,776	\$	107,488	\$	- - 1,990,181	\$	6,904,293 2,946,341 27,116,595
	-	27,100,770	_			1,770,101		27,110,373
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	38,849,922	\$_	107,488	\$_	1,990,181	\$_	36,967,229
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	2,671,923 2,488,815 5,346,491	\$	180,703 74,961 727,719	\$	- - 448,019	\$	2,852,626 2,563,776 5,626,191
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	10,507,229	\$_	983,383	\$_	448,019	\$_	11,042,593
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	28,342,693	\$_	(875,895)	\$_	1,542,162	_\$_	25,924,636
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	28,740,187	\$_	(735,249)	\$_	1,542,162	\$_	26,462,776

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in enterprise capital assets during the year:

		Balance July 1, 2015	_	Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
Primary Government: Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land Construction in progress	\$	22,458	\$	310,732	\$	- \$ -	22,458 310,732
, c					-		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	22,458	\$_	310,732	\$_	\$	333,190
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Equipment Infrastructure	\$	265,574 11,161,108	\$	39,593	\$	- \$	305,167 11,161,108
Buildings and improvements		1,511,814	_	-			1,511,814
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	\$	12,938,496	\$_	39,593	.\$_	\$	12,978,089
Accumulated depreciation:	Φ.	457.704	Φ.	00.007	Φ.	.	107.000
Equipment Water and sewer lines	\$	157,701 3,355,024	\$	28,387 279,028	\$	- \$ -	3,634,052
Buildings and improvements		842,325	_	50,394	. –		892,719
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	4,355,050	\$_	357,809	\$_	\$	4,712,859
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$	8,583,446	_\$_	(318,216)	\$_	\$	8,265,230
Business-type activities							
capital assets, net	\$	8,605,904	\$_	(7,484)	\$_	\$	8,598,420

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets:	(Continued)
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Component Unit - School Board: Governmental Activities:	_	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$_	121,421 16,684	\$	- 35,650	\$	- 52,334	\$	121,421 -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	138,105	_\$_	35,650	_\$_	52,334	\$	121,421
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	6,622,919 3,659,666 11,817,422		52,334 61,173 1,990,181	\$	-	\$	6,675,253 3,720,839 13,807,603
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	22,100,007	\$_	2,103,688	\$		\$	24,203,695
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	3,029,378 2,833,137 2,842,980	\$	143,563 112,671 743,475	\$	- - -	\$	3,172,941 2,945,808 3,586,455
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	8,705,495	\$_	999,709	\$	-	\$	9,705,204
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	13,394,512	_\$_	1,103,979	_\$_		_\$	14,498,491
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	13,532,617	_\$_	1,139,629	_ \$_	52,334	\$	14,619,912

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority:	_	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2016
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	535,846 109,000	\$	- 124,976	\$	-	\$ 535,846 233,976
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	644,846	\$_	124,976	\$	-	\$ 769,822
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	\$	1,705,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,705,691
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	_	211,004		42,642		-	 253,646
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	1,494,687	\$_	(42,642)	\$.	_	\$ 1,452,045
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	2,139,533	\$_	82,334	\$	-	\$ 2,221,867

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 25,110
Judicial administration	87,466
Public safety	82,768
Public works	54,253
Health and welfare	3,175
Education	727,719
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,113
Community development	 1,779
Total	\$ 983,383
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 357,808
Component Unit-School Board	\$ 551,690
* Depreciation expense above	\$ 551,690
Depreciation expense - joint tenancy assets	448,019
Total depreciation expense prior page	\$ 999,709
Component Unit-Industrial	
Development Authority	\$ 42,642

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 7—Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned/unavailable revenue totaling \$4,552,824 is comprised of the following:

	Government-wide Statements		Balance Sheet
	Governmental		Governmental
	Activities	_	Funds
Deferred property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$ -	\$	1,078,350
2nd half assessments due in December 2016	3,326,278		3,326,278
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2016, but paid in advance by the taxpayers.	148,196		148,196
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$3,474,474	\$	4,552,824

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities:	_	Balance July 1, 2015	Issuances / Increases	 Retirements / Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Landfill closure and post-closure General obligations bonds VACO/VML direct loan program Derivative instrument liability Net pension liability State literary fund loans	\$	240,407 \$ 179,246 28,924,778 4,135,000 336,730 930,025 1,999,998	84,787 - - 4,363 1,399,394 -	\$ 47,555 - 2,032,514 195,000 - 950,422 166,667	\$	277,639 \$ 179,246 26,892,264 3,940,000 341,093 1,378,997 1,833,331	27,760 - 2,110,304 205,000 - - 166,667
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	36,746,184 \$	1,488,544	\$ 3,392,158	\$_	34,842,570 \$	2,509,731
Reconciliation to amounts reported on Exhibit 1: Total above Less: Derivative instrument liability Total as adjusted Per Exhibit 1: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total as adjusted	\$ - \$_	36,746,184 \$ (336,730) 36,409,454 \$	1,488,544 (4,363) 1,484,181	 3,392,158 - 3,392,158	-	34,842,570 (341,093) 34,501,477 2,509,731 31,991,746 34,501,477	
Business-type Activities: Water and Sewer Fund:	_	Balance July 1, 2015	Issuances / Increases	 Retirements / Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Revenue bonds Total Business-type Activities	\$ - \$_	6,496 \$ 2,284,646 2,291,142 \$	4,847 - 4,847	 2,645 60,670 63,315	_	8,698 \$ 2,223,976 2,232,674 \$	63,081
Total primary government	\$	38,700,596 \$	1,489,028	\$ 3,455,473	\$_	36,734,151	2,573,681

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligation and related interest are as follows:

June 30, Princip	<u> </u>											<i>,</i>	Activities
June 30, Princip 2017 \$ 2,110, 2018 2,173, 2019 1,862, 2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	General		Sta	ite			VACC)/VI	ЛL				
2017 \$ 2,110, 2018 2,173, 2019 1,862, 2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	igation Bonds		Literary F	und	d Loans		Loan F	rog	jram 💮 💮		Reven	ue E	3onds
2018 2,173, 2019 1,862, 2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	al Interest	. P	rincipal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest
2018 2,173, 2019 1,862, 2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	304 \$ 926,08	81 \$	166,667	\$	55,000	\$	205,000	\$	183,969	\$	63,081	\$	76,612
2019 1,862, 2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037			166,667		50,000		215,000	·	173,885	·	65,540		74,152
2020 1,913, 2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	928 763,50)3	166,667		45,000		225,000		163,160		68,104		71,588
2021 1,964, 2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	834 696,53	34	166,667		40,000		235,000		152,053		70,730		68,962
2022 2,017, 2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	518 627,76	9	166,667		35,000		245,000		140,214		73,562		66,130
2023 2,071, 2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	024 557,16	9	166,666		30,000		260,000		127,855		76,466		63,226
2024 1,876, 2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	928 487,08	3	166,666		25,000		270,000		114,986		79,494		60,198
2025 1,925, 2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	612 417,96	4	166,666		20,000		285,000		101,449		82,609		57,083
2026 1,985, 2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	584 347,43	37	166,666		15,000		295,000		87,402		85,943		53,749
2027 2,041, 2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	548 274,88	31	166,666		10,000		310,000		72,547		89,376		50,316
2028 2,103, 2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	556 200,17	0	166,666		5,000		325,000		57,003		92,956		46,736
2029 1,400, 2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	664 123,25	0	-		-		340,000		40,823		96,652		43,040
2030 1,445, 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	000 63,49	2	_		_		355,000		23,887		100,584		39,108
2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037			_		_		375,000		6,051		104,646		35,046
2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		108,883		30,809
2033 2034 2035 2036 2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		113,271		26,421
2034 2035 2036 2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		117,915		21,777
2035 2036 2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		122,726		16,966
2036 2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		95,663		12,157
2037	_	_	_		_		_		_		31,594		10,195
	_	_	_		_		_		-		25,786		9,602
	_	_	_		_		_		_		26,314		9,074
2039	_	_	_		_		_		_		26,852		8,536
2040	_	_	_		_		_		_		27,380		8,008
2041	_	_	_		_		_		_		27,963		7,426
2042	_	_	_		_		_		_		28,535		6,853
2043	_	_	_		_		_		_		29,119		6,269
2044	_	_	_		_		_		-		29,700		5,688
2045	_	_	_		_		_		_		30,323		5,065
2046	_	_	_		_		_		_		30,943		4,445
2047	_	-	-		_		_		_		31,577		3,811
2048	-	-	_		_		-		-		32,215		3,173
2049	_	_	_		_		_		_		32,882		2,506
2050	_	_	_		_		_		_		33,555		1,833
2051	-	-	-		_		-		_		34,242		1,146
2052	_	_	_		_		_		_		34,942		446
2053		-	-		-		_		-		1,853		6
Total \$ 26,892,	264 \$ 6,346,9°	0 \$ 1	1 833 331	\$	330 000	\$	3 940 000	\$	1 445 284	\$	2,223,976	\$	1,008,158

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)		
Primary Government: (continued)		
Details of long-term obligation transactions of the County are as follows:		
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$4,190,000 obligation dated June 24, 1997, payable in various principal annual installments through July 15, 2017, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging		
from 4.80% to 6.375%	\$	700,000
\$11,620,646 obligation dated November 8, 2007, payable in various principal annual installments through July 15, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.1%		7,648,264
\$2,223,000 refunding obligation dated September 6, 2012, payable in various principal annual installments through July 15, 2022, interest payable semi-annually at 2.31%		1,609,000
\$20,610,000 refunding obligation dated August 16, 2012, payable in various principal annual installments through December 1, 2029, interest payable semi-annually at		
2.96%	_	16,935,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	26,892,264
VACO/VMLDIRECT LOAN PROGRAM:		
\$5,000,000 VACO/VML public improvement note, issued November 2, 2009, due in principal annual installments through November 1, 2029, interest payable monthly at		
3.3975%	\$	3.940.000

3.39/5%	\$_	3,940,000
Total VACO/VML DIRECT LOAN PROGRAM	\$_	3,940,000
State Literary Fund Loans:		
\$5,000,000, issued February 27, 1997, due in principal annual installments of \$166,667 through February 1, 2027, interest payable annually at 3%	\$_	1,833,331
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	1,833,331
Net pension liability	\$_	1,378,997
Compensated absences	\$_	277,639
Landfill closure and post-closure	\$_	179,246
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	\$_	34,501,477

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8-L	.ong-Term	Obligations:	(Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Business-type Activities:

Revenue Bonds:

\$1,548,800 series 1995 and Series A Sewer Revenue Bonds. Series A of \$772,000 and Series B of \$776,800 issued October 31, 1995 through the Commonwealth of Virginia. Interest payable for Series and Series A at 4.50% per year, interest only payable on the first and second anniversary dates of closing and thereafter payable in monthly installments of combined principal and interest of \$3,544 for Series A and \$3,566 for Series B each month for a period of thirty-eight years, until paid, each payment to be applied first to interest accrued to such payment date and then to principal, and such financial installment, if not sooner paid, to be due and payable within forty years.

1,075,075

\$

\$344,500 series 1996 Sewer Revenue Bonds issued October 9, 1996 through the Commonwealth of Virginia. Interest payable at 4.50%, interest payable on the first and second anniversary dates of closing and thereafter payable in monthly installments of combined principal and interest of \$1,582 for a period of thirty-eight years, until paid. Each payment to be applied first to interest accrued to such payment date and then to principal, and such final installment, if not sooner paid, to be due and payable within forty years.

245,123

\$939,000 series 2012 Sewer Revenue Bonds issued June 1, 2012 through the Commonwealth of Virginia. Interest payable at 2.00%, interest payable on the first and second anniversary dates of closing and thereafter payable in monthly installments of combined principal and interest of \$2,949 for a period of thirty-eight years, until paid. Each payment to be applied first to interest accrued to such payment date and then to principal, and such final installment, if not sooner paid, to be due and payable within forty years.

903,778

Total Revenue Bonds

\$ 2,223,976

Compensated absences

8,698

Total Business-type Activities long-term obligations

2,232,674

Total Primary Government

36,734,151

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Interest rate swap

Objective of the interest rate swap.

As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate loans at the time of issuance in November 2009 the County entered into an interest rate swap in connection with its \$4,800,000 VACO / VML short-term financing note. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the County's variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.3975% on its 2009 issue. Utilizing the synthetic instrument method, the County has determined that the swap is an effective hedging derivative instrument and hedge accounting applies.

Terms - November 2009 issue - The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on November 1, 2029. The swap's notional value of \$4,281,093 is more than the balance outstanding on the bonds payable of \$3,940,000. The difference of \$341,093 is reported in these financial statements as a derivative instrument within the long-term obligations of the County.

A corresponding deferred outflow of resources is reported on the statement of net position as a reduction to total liabilities before computing net position. The swap was entered into at the same time as the bonds were issued.

Fair Value - The fair values and changes in fair values of the swap are as follows:

	Year Ended
	June 30, 2016
Fair value	\$ 341,093
Change in fair value	4,363

Component Units:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

School Board:	_	Balance at July 1, 2015		Issuances / Increases	-	Retirements / Decreases	 Balance at June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability Ameresco performance contract	\$	401,926 11,721,000 1,056,143	\$	62,422 2,807,211 -	\$ -	96,521 2,228,541 90,685	\$ 367,827 12,299,670 965,458	\$ 36,782 - 99,127
Total	\$_	13,179,069	\$	2,869,633	\$	2,415,747	\$ 13,632,955	\$ 135,909
Industrial Development Authority: Rural development Ioan	\$_	1,887,454	\$_	-	\$	25,798	\$ 1,861,656	\$ 25,933

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		Schoo	ol Boa	ard		- 1	D/	4
Year Ending		Ameresco Perfo	ormai	nce Contract		Rural Deve	lop	oment Loan
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2017	\$	99,127	\$	46,825	\$	25,933	\$	76,307
2018		108,096		42,017		27,024		75,216
2019		117,620		36,774		28,160		74,080
2020		127,730		31,070		29,343		72,897
2021		138,458		24,875		30,577		71,663
2022		149,838		18,160		31,862		70,378
2023		161,905		10,893		33,202		69,038
2024		62,684		3,040		34,598		67,642
2025		-		-		36,052		66,188
2026		-		-		37,568		64,672
2027		-		-		39,147		63,093
2028		-		-		40,793		61,447
2029		-		-		42,508		59,732
2030		-		-		44,295		57,945
2031		-		-		46,157		56,083
2032		-		-		48,097		54,143
2033		-		-		50,119		52,121
2034		-		-		52,226		50,014
2035		-		-		54,421		47,819
2036		-		-		56,709		45,531
2037		-		-		59,093		43,147
2038		-		-		61,577		40,663
2039		-		-		64,166		38,074
2040		-		-		66,863		35,377
2041		-		-		69,674		32,566
2042		-		-		72,603		29,636
2043		-		-		75,655		26,584
2044		-		-		78,836		23,404
2045		-		-		82,150		20,090
2046		-		-		85,604		16,636
2047		-		-		89,202		13,038
2048		-		-		92,952		9,288
2049		-		-		96,860		5,380
2050	_	-		-		77,630		1,381
Total	\$_	965,458	\$	213,654	\$	1,861,656	\$	1,591,273

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Component Unit School Board:

Ameresco performance contract lease dated June 13, 2005, payable in various annual installments through June 2024. Interest payable at 4.85%. The energy contract was used to acquire energy savings contracts undertaken to save the Cumberland County Schools energy savings.

\$ 965,458

Net pension liability Compensated absences 12,299,670

367,827

Total long-term obligations

\$ 13,632,955

Industrial Development Authority:

\$2,000,000 Rural Development loan dated April 23, 2010 payable in monthly installments of \$8,520 beginning May 23, 2010 through April 23, 2050, interest at 4.1%

1,861,656

Note 9-Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites after closure. The County will also incur the estimated total closure and post closure cost of \$179,246 over the next eight years. All amounts recognized are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care at year-end. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation. If these estimates are inadequate or additional post closure requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or regulations, for example), these cost may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or taxpayers. The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 10-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
PLAN 1 About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Т	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a			
		 The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. 			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)		
		 In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. 		
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.		
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.		
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.		
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.		
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)										
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN								
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.								
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.								
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.								

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETI	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN							
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)							
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to							
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.							

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 1 PLAN 2							
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.						
 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for 								
a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.								

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTI	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.
one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.
		Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	41	26
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	7	3
Non-vested inactive members	16	17
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	44	10
Total inactive members	67	30
Active members	78	42
Total covered employees	186	98

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 9.75% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$310,440 and \$303,955 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 5.63% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$39,032 and \$38,806 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability or asset was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic Long-Term	Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Primary Government							
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 11,612,563	\$_	10,682,538	\$	930,025			
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$ 357,908	\$	-	\$	357,908			
Interest	795,647		-		795,647			
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	239,099		-		239,099			
Contributions - employer	-		303,955		(303,955)			
Contributions - employee	-		156,837		(156,837)			
Net investment income	-		489,630		(489,630)			
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions	(492,362)		(492,362)		-			
Administrative expenses	-		(6,637)		6,637			
Other changes	-		(103)		103			
Net changes	\$ 900,292	\$	451,320	\$	448,972			
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 12,512,855	\$	11,133,858	\$	1,378,997			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)								
			Ir	ncrease (Decrease	()				
		Total		Plan		Net			
		Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	2,330,436	\$_	2,723,477	\$_	(393,041)			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	80,101	\$	-	\$	80,101			
Interest		159,638		-		159,638			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		5,173		-		5,173			
Contributions - employer		-		38,806		(38,806)			
Contributions - employee		-		34,418		(34,418)			
Net investment income		-		124,689		(124,689)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(99,786)		(99,786)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(1,709)		1,709			
Other changes		-		(25)		25			
Net changes	\$	145,126	\$	96,393	\$	48,733			
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	2,475,562	\$_	2,819,870	\$_	(344,308)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,104,765 \$	1,378,997 \$	(46,416)			
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (32,370) \$	(344,308) \$	(605,338)			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$208,022 and \$(9,706), respectively. At June 30, 2016, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Component Unit Cohool

						Component Unit School				
	_	Primary Government			Board (non	pro	rofessional)			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources		- ,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	176,995	\$	-	\$	3,531	\$	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		281,947		-		73,257		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		310,440		-	. ,	39,032	_			
Total	\$	487,435	\$	281,947	\$	42,563	\$_	73,257		

\$310,440 and \$39,032 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2017	\$	(48,999)	\$	(27,108)
2017	Φ	(48,999)	φ	(27,108)
2019		(58,317)		(28,502)
2020		51,363		12,992
Thereafter		_		_

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Al full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,028,089 and \$1,093,072 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$12,299,670 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.10414% as compared to 0.09699% at June 30, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$217,741. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 168,900
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	753,481
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	760,988	67,560
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,028,089	
Total	\$ 1,789,077	\$ 989,941

\$1,028,089 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (184,852)
2018	(184,852)
2019	(184,852)
2020	260,857
Thereafter	64,745

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	rget ation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total 10	00.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expected	arithmetic	c nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 10—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

			Rate		
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	17,998,167 \$	12,299,670	\$	7,607,066

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 13—Surety Bond Information:

	 Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety	
Sarah Spry, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
L.O. Pfeiffer, Jr., Treasurer	300,000
Julie Phillips, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Darrell Hodges, Sheriff	30,000
All Treasurer's office employees - blanket bond	50,000
Amy Griffin, Superintendent of Schools	10,000
Clerk of the School Board	10,000
Board of Supervisors	10,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Note 14—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits:

The County offers postemployment medical coverage to its retired employees, however has experienced limited participation in the plan in previous years and no employees are currently enrolled in the program. As such, the County has elected not to obtain an actuarial valuation to determine liability for this benefit in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of GASB 45 and believes there is no material effect on the County's financial position.



Required Supplementary Information

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund							
	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental: Henrico County Commonwealth Federal	8,383,500 \$ 962,000 59,328 145,000 72,000 474,826 14,500 1,131,900 2,967,185 814,624	8,383,500 \$ 962,000 59,328 145,000 76,780 478,685 97,680 1,131,900 3,275,286 814,624	8,535,525 \$ 978,723 53,823 102,033 83,306 119,314 110,326 1,131,900 3,462,833 655,685	152,025 16,723 (5,505) (42,967) 6,526 (359,371) 12,646				
Total revenues \$	15,024,863 \$	15,424,783 \$	15,233,468 \$	(191,315)				
Expenditures: Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Nondepartmental Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures	460,234 2,162,310 1,348,620 1,862,706 3,779,600 204,243 257,073 12,600 2,394,181 1,263,751	1,476,636 \$ 443,269 2,405,289 1,362,755 2,356,299 3,835,039 204,751 360,318 14,040 2,484,866 1,315,095 16,258,357 \$	1,455,925 \$ 426,292 2,404,721 1,340,675 2,223,773 3,788,842 193,257 347,466 10,842 2,484,866 1,315,000 15,991,659 \$	20,711 16,977 568 22,080 132,526 46,197 11,494 12,852 3,198				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$	\$_	(833,574) \$	(758,191) \$	75,383				
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) \$	\$	(515,994) \$	(515,994) \$					
Total other financing sources (uses) \$	\$	(515,994) \$	(515,994) \$	<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balance \$	- \$	(1,349,568) \$	(1,274,185) \$	75,383				
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,349,568	6,529,229	5,179,661				
Fund balance at end of year \$	\$	- \$	5,255,044 \$	5,255,044				

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	_	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	357,908	\$	352,993
Interest		795,647		755,446
Differences between expected and actual experience		239,099		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(492,362)		(575,920)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	900,292	\$	532,519
Total pension liability - beginning		11,612,563		11,080,044
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	12,512,855	\$	11,612,563
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	303,955	\$	341,947
Contributions - employee		156,837		152,078
Net investment income		489,630		1,460,970
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(492,362)		(575,920)
Administrative expense		(6,637)		(7,868)
Other		(103)		77
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	451,320	\$	1,371,284
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		10,682,538		9,311,254
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,133,858	\$	10,682,538
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,378,997	\$	930,025
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability		88.98%		91.99%
Covered payroll	\$	3,132,238	\$	3,034,140 Pol Due Pd
County's net pension liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll		44.03%		30.65%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2015		2014
Total pension liability	 	•	
Service cost	\$ 80,101	\$	82,791
Interest	159,638		150,317
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,173		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(99,786)		(100,104)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 145,126	\$	133,004
Total pension liability - beginning	2,330,436		2,197,432
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,475,562	\$	2,330,436
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 38,806	\$	38,406
Contributions - employee	34,418		34,781
Net investment income	124,689		374,177
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(99,786)		(100,104)
Administrative expense	(1,709)		(2,023)
Other	(25)		19
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 96,393	\$	345,256
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,723,477		2,378,221
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,819,870	\$	2,723,477
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (344,308)	\$	(393,041)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.91%		116.87%
Covered payroll	\$ 696,646	\$	695,620
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-49.42%		-56.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
Component U	nit School Board (profess	sional)			
2015	0.09730%	12,299,670	7,834,253	157.00%	n/a
2014	0.09699%	11,721,000	7,028,172	166.77%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Primary Government 2016 \$ 310,440 \$ 310,440 \$ 3,05,393	Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2016 \$ 310,440 \$ 310,440 \$ - \$ 3,183,996 9.75%	Primary Gov	ernn	nent							
2014 342,251 342,251 - 3,034,140 11.28% 2013 355,515 355,515 - 3,151,733 11.28% 2012 271,268 271,268 - 2,984,250 9.09% 2011 261,393 261,393 - 2,875,613 9.09% 2010 218,644 218,644 - 3,019,940 7.24% 2009 217,522 217,522 - 3,004,448 7.24% 2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ - \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2011 38,1336 38,136 - 689,616	2016	\$	310,440	\$	310,440	\$	-	\$	3,183,996	9.75%
2013 355,515 355,515 - 3,151,733 11.28%	2015		305,393		305,393		-		3,132,238	9.75%
2012 271,268 271,268 - 2,984,250 9.09% 2011 261,393 261,393 - 2,875,613 9.09% 2010 218,644 218,644 - 3,019,940 7.24% 2009 217,522 217,522 - 3,004,448 7.24% 2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2011 42,867	2014		342,251		342,251		-		3,034,140	11.28%
2011 261,393 261,393 - 2,875,613 9.09% 2010 218,644 218,644 - 3,019,940 7.24% 2009 217,522 217,522 - 3,004,448 7.24% 2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - </td <td>2013</td> <td></td> <td>355,515</td> <td></td> <td>355,515</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3,151,733</td> <td>11.28%</td>	2013		355,515		355,515		-		3,151,733	11.28%
2010 218,644 218,644 - 3,019,940 7.24% 2009 217,522 217,522 - 3,004,448 7.24% 2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 689,616 5.53% 2011 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 -	2012		271,268		271,268		-		2,984,250	9.09%
2009 217,522 217,522 - 3,004,448 7.24% 2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 7,835,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 <t< td=""><td>2011</td><td></td><td>261,393</td><td></td><td>261,393</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>2,875,613</td><td>9.09%</td></t<>	2011		261,393		261,393		-		2,875,613	9.09%
2008 144,688 144,688 - 2,848,190 5.08% 2007 136,718 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (norprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 - \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,834,253 <td>2010</td> <td></td> <td>218,644</td> <td></td> <td>218,644</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3,019,940</td> <td>7.24%</td>	2010		218,644		218,644		-		3,019,940	7.24%
2007 136,718 - 2,691,307 5.08% Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2007 34,392 34,392 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901	2009		217,522		217,522		-		3,004,448	7.24%
Component Unit School Board (norprofessional) 2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ - \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 695,620 6.15% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2014 43,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3,93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81%	2008		144,688		144,688		-		2,848,190	5.08%
2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ - \$693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,034,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621	2007		136,718		136,718		-		2,691,307	5.08%
2016 \$ 39,032 \$ 39,032 \$ - \$ 693,284 5.63% 2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,034,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621	Component	Unit	School Board (no	npro	ofessional)					
2015 39,221 39,221 - 696,646 5.63% 2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,966,035	•		•	-		\$	_	\$	693,284	5.63%
2014 42,781 42,781 - 695,620 6.15% 2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 1,101,496 1,101,496 - 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2010 61							-			5.63%
2013 43,647 43,647 - 709,705 6.15% 2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010	2014						_			6.15%
2012 37,805 37,805 - 683,627 5.53% 2011 38,136 38,136 - 689,616 5.53% 2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 </td <td>2013</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6.15%</td>	2013						_			6.15%
2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 \$ 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,860,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30% <td>2012</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>37,805</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>683,627</td> <td>5.53%</td>	2012				37,805		-		683,627	5.53%
2010 42,867 42,867 - 756,029 5.67% 2009 46,355 46,355 - 817,554 5.67% 2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30% <td>2011</td> <td></td> <td>38,136</td> <td></td> <td>38,136</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>689,616</td> <td>5.53%</td>	2011		38,136		38,136		-		689,616	5.53%
2008 33,541 33,541 - 785,511 4.27% 2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	2010						-		756,029	5.67%
2007 34,392 34,392 - 805,422 4.27% Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	2009		46,355		46,355		-		817,554	5.67%
Component Unit School Board (professional) 2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	2008		33,541		33,541		-		785,511	4.27%
2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	2007		34,392		34,392		-		805,422	4.27%
2016 \$ 1,101,496 \$ 1,101,496 \$ - \$ 7,834,253 14.06% 2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	Component	Unit	School Board (pr	ofes	sional)					
2015 1,093,072 1,093,072 - 7,028,172 14.50% 2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%	•		**		•	\$	_	\$	7 834 253	14 06%
2014 825,062 825,062 - 7,075,901 11.66% 2013 770,332 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ		
2013 770,332 - 6,606,621 11.66% 2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%							_			
2012 433,633 433,633 - 6,850,442 6.33% 2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%							_			
2011 623,853 623,853 - 6,986,035 3.93% 2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%			•		*		_			
2010 614,122 614,122 - 6,970,738 8.81% 2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%							_			
2009 658,185 658,185 - 7,470,886 8.81% 2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%							_			
2008 787,282 787,282 - 7,643,515 10.30%							_			
							_			
							-			

Current year contributions are from Contributions and School Board records and prior year contributions

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan member for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of new participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year





Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Agency Funds At June 30, 2016

				Erosion						
				and Sedimen	t					
		Special		Control		Health		Sheriff's		
		Welfare		Bond Escrow	,	Insurance		Forfeiture		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
ASSETS			-				-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	15,637	\$	263,521	\$	158,987	\$_	84,944	\$_	523,089
Total assets	\$_	15,637	\$	263,521	\$	158,987	\$	84,944	\$_	523,089
LIABILITIES										
Amounts held for sheriff	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	84,944	\$	84,944
Amounts held for others		-		263,521		-		-		263,521
Amounts held for social services clients		15,637		-		-		-		15,637
Amounts held for insurance benefits	_	-	_			158,987		-	_	158,987
Total liabilities	\$	15,637	\$	263,521	\$	158,987	\$	84,944	\$	523,089

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions		Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:	_			_		_	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	15,840 \$	15,883	\$ =	16,086	\$_	15,637
Liabilities:							
Amounts held for social service clients	\$ _	15,840 \$	15,883	\$	16,086	\$_	15,637
Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund:							
Assets:	ф	70 F70 ¢	10.000	ф	4 / 1 5	ф	04.044
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	78,570 \$	10,989	, b	4,615	• =	84,944
Liabilities:							
Amounts held for sheriff	\$ _	78,570 \$	10,989	\$	4,615	\$	84,944
Erosion and Sediment Control Bond Escrow Fund: Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	273,427	\$	9,906	\$	263,521
Liabilities:							
Amounts held for others	\$	- \$	273,427	\$	9,906	\$	263,521
	_	·	·	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
Health Insurance Fund: Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	714,075 \$	2,083,893	\$	2,638,981	\$	158,987
·	_			-		_	
Liabilities: Amounts held for insurance benefits	\$	714,075 \$	2,083,893	¢	2,638,981	Ф	158,987
Amounts held for insulance benefits	Φ =	714,075	2,003,073	Φ =	2,030,701	• =	130,707
Totals All agency funds							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	808,485 \$	2,384,192	¢.	2,669,588	¢	523,089
Casti and Casti equivalents	Φ =	000,400 \$	2,304,192	Φ =	2,009,300	• =	323,009
Liabilities:							
Amounts held for social service clients	\$	15,840 \$	· ·	\$	16,086	\$	15,637
Amounts held for others		714.075	273,427 2,083,893		9,906		263,521
Amounts held for insurance benefits Amounts held for sheriff		714,075 78,570	2,083,893		2,638,981 4,615		158,987 84,944
	_			_		_	
Total liabilities	\$ =	808,485 \$	2,384,192	\$ =	2,669,588	\$ _	523,089





Combining Balance Sheet -Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board At June 30, 2016

		School Operating	School Cafeteria		Total
ASSETS	-			_	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	672,079 \$	41,217 -	\$	713,296
Prepaid items		52,740	-		52,740
Due from other governmental units	-	469,541	-	_	469,541
Total assets	\$_	1,194,360 \$	41,217	\$_	1,235,577
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	14,652 \$	-	\$	14,652
Accrued liabilities		672,079	-		672,079
Due to primary government	_	507,629	-	_	507,629
Total liabilities	\$_	1,194,360 \$	-	\$_	1,194,360
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$	52,740 \$	-		52,740
Restricted:			44 047		44.047
Special Revenue		(52.740)	41,217		41,217
Unassigned	-	(52,740)	-	_	(52,740)
Total fund balances	\$_	<u> </u>	41,217	\$_	41,217
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state are different because: Total fund balnaces per above	eme	nt of net position	on (Exhibit 1)	\$	41,217
Total fullu balliaces per above				Φ	41,217
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statem	th	ose assets are	reported as		
capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a wh	ole.				14,619,912
Net pension asset					344,308
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	peri	od expenditures	and,		
therefore are deferred in the funds: Change in proportionate share of employer contributions to	the	cost-sharing per	nsion plan		(67,560)
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liabili	ty				(826,738)
Difference between actual and expected experience					(168,900)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, there funds.					1,067,121
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's due and payable in the current period and accordingly and All liabilitiesboth current and long-termare reported in Details supporting this adjustment are as follows:	e no	t reported as fu	nd liabilities.		
Differences in deferred outlows of resources					764,519
Amerisco performance contract					(965,458)
Net pension liability					(12,299,670)
Compensated absences				_	(367,827)
Net position of General Government Activities				\$	2,140,924

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2016

		School Operating		School Cafeteria		Total
Revenues:			_		-	
Charges for services	\$	1,250	\$	230,318	\$	231,568
Miscellaneous		491,404		3,365		494,769
Intergovernmental:						
County contribution to School Board		3,781,624		-		3,781,624
Commonwealth		9,124,921		-		9,124,921
Federal	_	1,914,221	_	-	-	1,914,221
Total revenues	\$	15,313,420	\$_	233,683	\$_	15,547,103
Expenditures:						
Education	\$	14,657,469	\$	867,305	\$	15,524,774
			_		_	
Total expenditures	\$_	14,657,469	\$	867,305	\$_	15,524,774
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$	655,951	\$	(633,622)	\$	22,329
			_	, ,	_	·
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	S	-	S	655,951	S	655,951
Transfers (out)	_	(655,951)	_	-	_	(655,951)
Total other financing sources (uses)	s_	(655,951)	S	655,951	S	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	22,329	\$	22,329
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	-	_	18,888		18,888
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	-	\$_	41,217	\$_	41,217

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances To the Statement of Activities -Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2016

		_	Component Unit School Board
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	22,329
·	\$ 96,8	23	
Depreciation expense	(551,69	90)	(454,867)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit			1,542,162
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability			935,773
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retired on Ameresco performance contract		\$	90,685
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Change in net pension liability Change in net pension asset	\$ (578,6° (48,7°		
Change in deferred outflows	699,3		
Change in compensated absences	34,0	99	106,043
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$_	2,242,125

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual -Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2016

			School Opera	iting Fund	
	_	Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:	\$	- \$ 241,104	- \$ 571,342	1,250 \$ 491,404	1,250 (79,938)
County contribution to School Board		3,774,419	3,827,821	3,781,624	(46,197)
Commonwealth		8,843,497	9,196,789	9,124,921	(71,868)
Federal	_	1,727,141	1,877,141	1,914,221	37,080
Total revenues	\$	14,586,161 \$	15,473,093 \$	15,313,420 \$	(159,673)
Expenditures:					
Education	\$	14,586,161 \$	14,833,438 \$	14,657,469 \$	175,969
Total expenditures	\$	14,586,161 \$	14,833,438 \$	14,657,469 \$	175,969
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	- \$	639,655 \$	655,951 \$	16,296
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out)	_	<u> </u>	(639,655)	(655,951)	(16,296)
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	_			<u>-</u> -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	\$	- \$	\$	

Discretely Presented Component Unit—Industr	ial Development Authority



Statement of Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
At June 30, 2016

		Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96,580
Total current assets	\$	96,580
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets	\$	63,388
Capital Assets:		
Land		535,846
Construction in progress		233,976
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		1,452,045
Total noncurrent assets	\$	2,285,255
Total Assets	\$	2,381,835
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	99,980
Long-term obligations, current portion		25,933
Total current liabilities	\$	125,913
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term obligations, non-current portion		1,835,723
Total Liabilities	\$	1,961,636
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	360,211
Unrestricted assets	*	59,988
	•	37,730
Total Net Position	\$	420,199
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	2,381,835

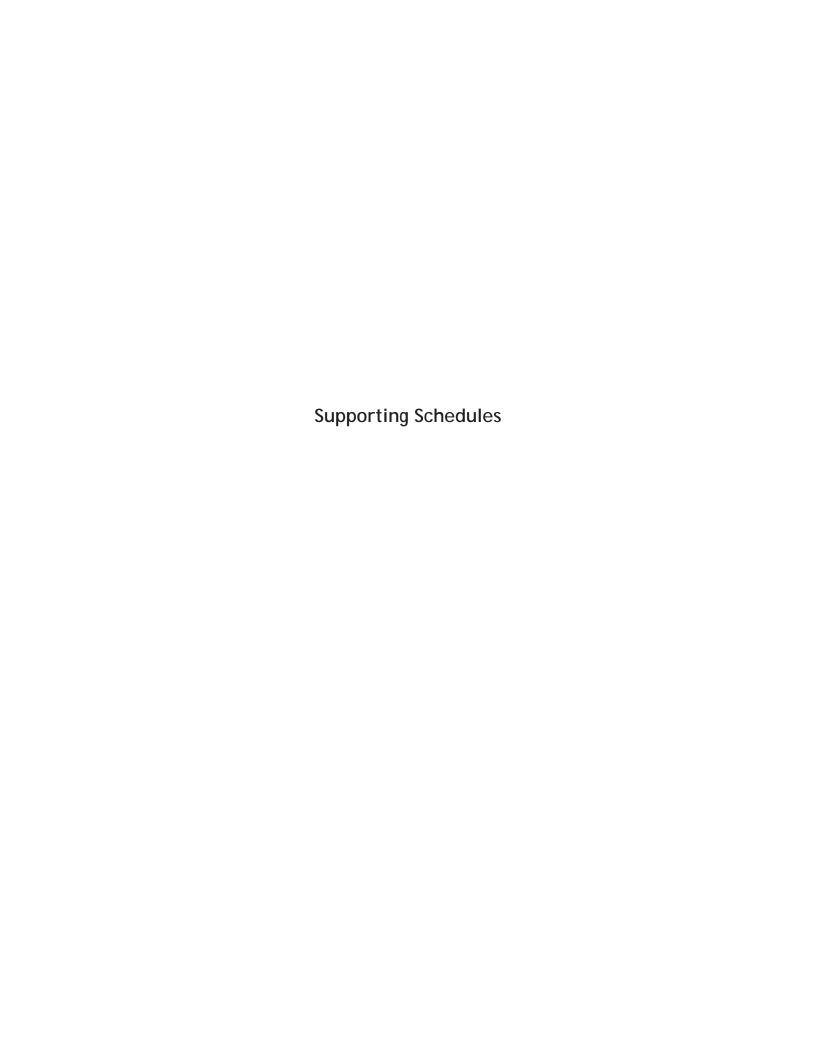
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
Operating revenues:		
Rent	\$_	42,883
Total operating revenues	\$_	42,883
Operating expenses:		
Depreciation	\$	42,642
Other operating expenses		13,523
Total operating expenses	\$_	56,165
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(13,282)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$	48
Interest expense		(76,442)
Contribution from County of Cumberland		156,314
Tabal and an all the second of	Φ.	70.000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	79,920
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	66,638
Net position, beginning of year	_	353,561
Net position, end of year	\$_	420,199

Statement of Cash Flows -Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments for operating activities	\$	42,883 (13,523)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	29,360
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Contribution from County of Cumberland	\$_	156,314
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$_	156,314
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Retirement of indebtedness Construction in progress additions Interest paid on loans Tobacco Indemnification grants	\$	(25,798) (24,996) (76,442) 100,000
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$_	(27,236)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$_	48
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	48
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	158,486
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	1,482
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	159,968
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(13,282)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operations: Depreciation	_	42,642
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	29,360







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Drimony Covernment							
Primary Government: General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	5,530,000	\$	5,530,000	\$	5,600,092 \$	70,092
Real and personal public service corporation	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	σ,000,072 ψ	70,072
property taxes		710,000		710,000		790,594	80,594
Personal property taxes		1,750,000		1,750,000		1,739,812	(10,188)
Mobile homes		38,000		38,000		37,507	(493)
Airplane taxes		6,500		6,500		4,565	(1,935)
Machinery and tools taxes		85,000		85,000		129,995	44,995
Penalties		115,000		115,000		117,026	2,026
Interest		149,000		149,000		115,934	(33,066)
	_				_		
Total general property taxes	\$	8,383,500	_\$_	8,383,500	\$	8,535,525 \$	152,025
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	391,196 \$	16,196
Consumers' utility taxes		172,000		172,000		173,690	1,690
Business license taxes		107,000		107,000		96,873	(10,127)
Bank franchise tax		16,000		16,000		9,432	(6,568)
Motor vehicle licenses		233,000		233,000		230,231	(2,769)
Tax on deeds		14,000		14,000		14,587	587
Taxes on recordation and wills	_	45,000		45,000	_	62,714	17,714
Total other local taxes	\$	962,000	\$_	962,000	\$	978,723 \$	16,723
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	8,328	\$	8,328	\$	7,739 \$	(589)
Building and related permits		37,000		37,000		33,917	(3,083)
Transfer fees		300		300		415	115
Land use and other general government fees		6,000		6,000		3,330	(2,670)
Zoning and other fees		7,700		7,700	_	8,422	722
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$	59,328	\$	59,328	\$	53,823 \$	(5,505)
Fines and Forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	145,000	\$	145,000	\$	102,033 \$	(42,967)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	145,000	\$_	145,000	\$	102,033 \$	(42,967)
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	55,000	\$	55,121	\$	66,069 \$	10,948
Revenue from use of property	*	17,000		21,659		17,237	(4,422)
,	ф		φ		Φ		
Total revenue from use of money and property	Ψ	72,000	_ \$	76,780	Φ	83,306 \$	6,526

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (continued)							
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's and other public safety fees	\$	360	\$	360	\$	360 \$	-
Other charges for courts		6,000		9,859		10,287	428
Commonwealth attorney fees		800		800		819	19
Law enforcement fees		40,000		40,000		37,291	(2,709)
Sanitation and waste removal fees		500		500		1,013	513
Landfill host agreement fees		369,666		369,666		-	(369,666)
Courthouse security		34,000		34,000		34,085	85
Animal protection fees		100		100		-	(100)
Recreation fees		15,100		15,100		24,224	9,124
Courthouse maintenance fees		7,000		7,000		7,105	105
Planning and community development	_	1,300	_	1,300		4,130	2,830
Total charges for services	\$_	474,826	\$_	478,685	\$	119,314 \$	(359,371)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous	\$_	14,500	\$	97,680	\$	110,326 \$	12,646
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	14,500	\$	97,680	\$	110,326 \$	12,646
Total revenue from local sources	\$	10,111,154	\$	10,202,973	\$	9,983,050 \$	(219,923)
Intergovernmental:							
Local government:							
Henrico County - reservoir operation	\$	1,131,900	\$	1,131,900	\$	1,131,900 \$	=
Total intergovernmental revenue	\$	1,131,900	\$	1,131,900	\$	1,131,900 \$	_
gerennen ger	· —	.,,	· —	.,,		*	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	46,226 \$	6,226
Noncategorical aid:							
Mobile home titling taxes	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	12,848 \$	(2,152)
PPTRA		871,735		871,735		871,736	1
Communication taxes		390,000		390,000		370,857	(19,143)
Rolling stock tax		-		-		238	238
Recordation tax		20,000		20,000		13,014	(6,986)
Rental tax		400	_	400	_	1,137	737
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,297,135	\$	1,297,135	\$	1,269,830 \$	(27,305)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)								
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)								
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	156,000	\$	165,000	\$	162,227	\$	(2,773)
Sheriff		561,533		571,533		572,404		871
Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer		76,000 93,000		76,000 93,000		75,551 92,455		(449) (545)
Registrar/electoral board		38,199		38,199		41,187		2,988
DMV		18,000		18,000		18,548		548
Clerk of the Circuit Court		144,000		150,100		151,791		1,691
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,086,732	\$_	1,111,832	\$_	1,114,163	\$	2,331
Other categorical aid:								
Litter control	\$	-	\$	6,427	\$	6,427	\$	-
Highway safety grant - Sheriff's department		40.000		10,215		- 00 714		(10,215)
E-911 wireless Comprehensive Services Act		40,000 350,000		73,679 550,000		92,714 560,521		19,035 10,521
Emergency medical services grant		-		-		10,628		10,628
Fire programs grant		-		32,559		32,559		-
Other categorical aid		-		121		124		3
Public assistance and welfare	_	153,318		153,318	_	329,641	-	176,323
Total other categorical aid	\$_	543,318	\$_	826,319	\$_	1,032,614	\$	206,295
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,630,050	\$_	1,938,151	\$_	2,146,777	\$	208,626
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	2,967,185	\$_	3,275,286	\$_	3,462,833	\$	187,547
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare	\$	785,624	\$	785,624	\$	616,426	\$	(169,198)
Comprehensive Services Act Social services cost allocation reimbursement		29,000		29,000		13,795 21,091		13,795 (7,909)
Highway safety grant		29,000		29,000		4,373		4,373
Total categorical aid	\$	814,624	\$	814,624	\$	655,685	\$	(158,939)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	814,624	\$	814,624	\$	655,685	\$	(158,939)
Total General Fund	\$_	15,024,863	\$_	15,424,783	\$_	15,233,468	\$	(191,315)
	_		_ =		- =		_	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	- (\$		\$_	383	\$	383
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$_	- (\$		\$_	383	\$	383
Total Revenues Primary Government	\$_	15,024,863	\$	15,424,783	\$	15,233,851	\$	(190,932)
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of property	¢	- \$	ф		¢	1 250	¢.	1 250
,	\$					1,250		1,250
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_		\$	-	\$_	1,250	\$	1,250
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	\$_	241,104	\$	571,342	_	491,404	\$	(79,938)
Total miscellaneous	\$_	241,104	\$	571,342	\$	491,404	\$	(79,938)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	241,104	\$	571,342	\$	492,654	\$	(78,688)
Intergovernmental: County contribution to School Board	\$	3,774,419	\$	3,827,821	\$_	3,781,624	\$	(46,197)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax Basic school aid Special education Fica - instructional VRS - instructional Other state funds	\$	1,575,112 S 4,414,431 368,199 260,017 513,391 1,712,347	\$	1,575,112 4,414,431 368,199 260,017 513,391 2,065,639	\$	1,582,423 5 4,305,378 360,933 254,886 503,260 2,118,041	\$	7,311 (109,053) (7,266) (5,131) (10,131) 52,402
Total categorical aid	\$_	8,843,497	\$	9,196,789	\$_	9,124,921	\$	(71,868)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	8,843,497	\$	9,196,789	\$	9,124,921	\$	(71,868)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	 Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I Title VI-B Special Education School food Other federal funds	\$	395,247 330,034 584,270 417,590	\$	395,247 330,034 584,270 567,590	\$	377,762 253,704 687,790 594,965	\$ (17,485) (76,330) 103,520 27,375
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,727,141	\$_	1,877,141	\$_	1,914,221	\$ 37,080
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,727,141	\$_	1,877,141	\$_	1,914,221	\$ 37,080
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	14,586,161	\$_	15,473,093	\$	15,313,420	\$ (159,673)
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$_	217,976	\$	217,976	\$_	230,318	\$ 12,342
Total charges for services	\$	217,976	\$	217,976	\$	230,318	\$ 12,342
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$_	-		3,365	 3,365
Total miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	3,365	\$ 3,365
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	217,976	\$_	217,976	\$_	233,683	\$ 15,707
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	217,976	\$_	217,976	\$_	233,683	\$ 15,707
Total Revenues Component Unit School Board	\$_	14,804,137	\$_	15,691,069	\$_	15,547,103	\$ (143,966)

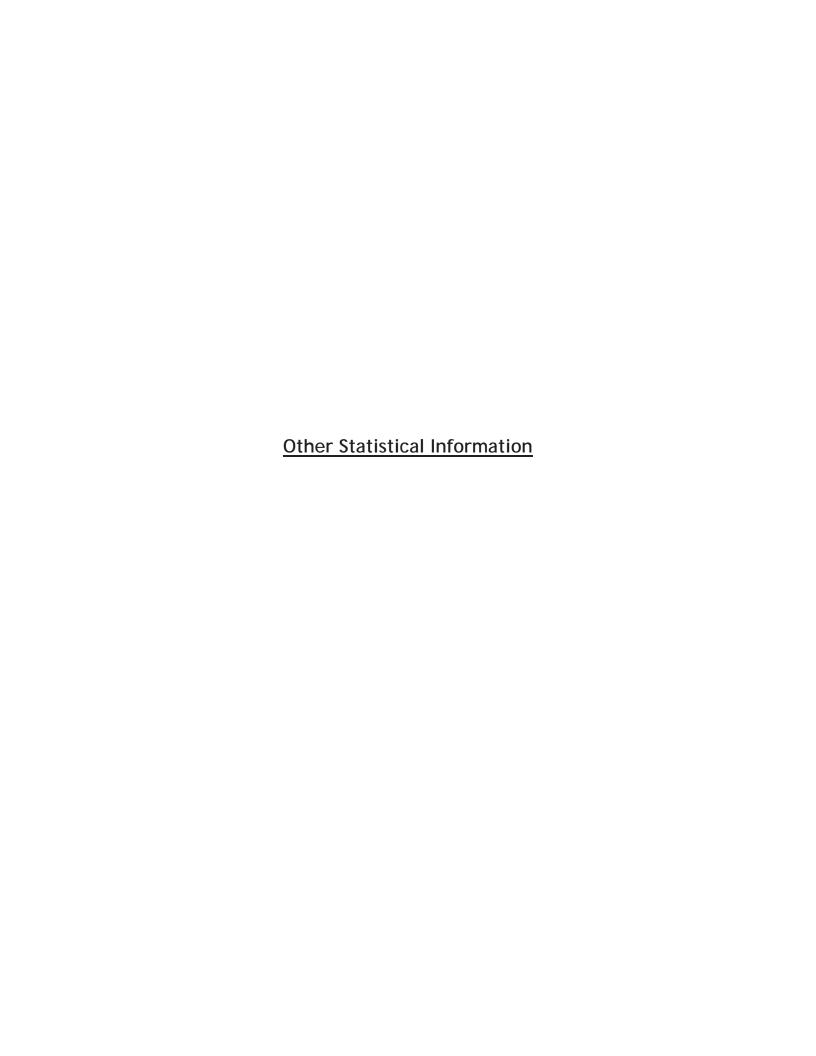
Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
General government administration:							
Legislative:							
Board of supervisors	\$	41,638	\$_	42,409	\$	42,408 \$	1
General and financial administration:							
County administrator	\$	285,404	\$	265,719	\$	254,289 \$	11,430
Legal services		-		144,194		138,521	5,673
Independent Auditor		34,500		36,179		36,179	-
Commissioner of the revenue		232,850		235,122		232,866	2,256
Treasurer		271,986		274,003		273,391	612
Accounting		130,418		141,306		141,305	1
Data Processing	_	173,196		224,370		224,370	
Total general and financial administration	\$_	1,128,354	\$_	1,320,893	\$	1,300,921 \$	19,972
Board of Elections:							
Electoral board and officials	\$	25,141	\$	25,461	\$	25,196 \$	265
Registrar	·	84,412		87,873	·	87,400	473
Total board of elections	\$	109,553	\$	113,334	\$	112,596 \$	738
Total Board of Ciccitons	Ψ_	107,000	- Ψ_	113,334	-Ψ—	112,570 ψ	730
Total general government administration	\$_	1,279,545	\$_	1,476,636	\$	1,455,925 \$	20,711
Judicial administration:							
Courts:							
Circuit court	\$	25,810	\$	4,310	\$	2,185 \$	2,125
General district court		14,210		13,011		5,264	7,747
Special magistrates		2,125		1,192		908	284
Law library		1,000		1,000		800	200
Clerk of the circuit court	_	213,029		217,493	- —	210,872	6,621
Total courts	\$_	256,174	\$_	237,006	\$	220,029 \$	16,977
Commonwealth's attorney:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	204,060	\$_	206,263	\$	206,263 \$	
Total judicial administration	\$_	460,234	\$_	443,269	\$	426,292 \$	16,977

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff and other law enforcement School resource officer	\$	1,465,012 \$ 62,028	\$	1,490,991 62,103	\$	1,490,990 S 62,103	\$	1 -
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,527,040	\$	1,553,094	\$	1,553,093	\$	1
Fire and rescue services:			_					
Fire and rescue services	\$_	164,250	§ _	342,125	\$_	342,125	\$	
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	164,250	\$_	342,125	\$_	342,125	\$_	<u> </u>
Correction and detention: Correction and detention	\$_	236,644	\$_	246,697	\$_	246,210	\$	487
Total correction and detention	\$_	236,644	\$_	246,697	\$	246,210	\$	487
Inspections:								
Building	\$_	110,823	\$_	123,711	\$_	123,711	\$	
Total inspections	\$_	110,823	\$_	123,711	\$_	123,711	\$	
Other protection: Animal control E-911 Medical examiner (coroner)	\$	100,253 \$ 23,100 200	\$	109,077 30,385 200	\$	109,077 \$ 30,385 120	\$	- - 80
Total other protection	\$	123,553	\$	139,662	\$	139,582	\$	80
Total public safety	\$	2,162,310	\$	2,405,289	\$	2,404,721	\$	568
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse disposal	\$	619,131	- \$	670,235	\$	670,235	\$	
Total sanitation and waste removal	* – \$	619,131	_	670,235		670,235	_	
	· -		· —	,	- ` —		· —	

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Public works: (Continued)							
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$_	729,489	\$_	692,520	\$	670,440 \$	22,080
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	729,489	\$	692,520	\$	670,440 \$	22,080
Total public works	\$	1,348,620	\$	1,362,755	\$	1,340,675 \$	22,080
Health and welfare:							
Health: Supplement of local health department	\$_	94,543	\$_	107,052	\$	107,052 \$	-
Total health	\$_	94,543	\$_	107,052	\$	107,052 \$	
Mental health and mental retardation: Chapter X board	\$_	34,000	\$_	34,000	\$	34,000 \$	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$_	34,000	\$_	34,000	\$	34,000 \$	
Welfare: Welfare administration & public assistance CSA - management CSA - at risk youth	\$	1,251,786 32,377 450,000	\$	1,263,582 35,790 915,875	\$	1,218,650 \$ 35,790 828,281	44,932 - 87,594
Total welfare	\$_	1,734,163	\$_	2,215,247	\$	2,082,721 \$	132,526
Total health and welfare	\$_	1,862,706	\$_	2,356,299	\$	2,223,773 \$	132,526
Education: Contributions to community colleges Contributions to school board component unit	\$	5,181 3,774,419	\$	7,218 3,827,821	\$	7,218 \$ 3,781,624	- 46,197
Total education	\$_	3,779,600	\$_	3,835,039	\$	3,788,842 \$	46,197
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$_	88,793	\$_	89,301	\$	77,807_\$	11,494
Library: Local library	\$	115,450	\$_	115,450	\$	115,450_\$	
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$	204,243	\$_	204,751	\$_	193,257 \$	11,494

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Community development: Planning and community development:							
Planning Contribution to IDA Other community development	\$	94,576 81,314 31,312	\$	113,110 156,314 41,843	\$	111,563 \$ 156,314 41,842	1,547 - 1
Total planning and community development	\$_	207,202	\$_	311,267	\$	309,719 \$	1,548
Environmental management: Cooperative extension program	\$_	49,871	\$_	49,051	\$_	37,747_\$	11,304
Total environmental management	\$_	49,871	\$_	49,051	\$	37,747 \$	11,304
Total community development	\$	257,073	\$_	360,318	\$	347,466 \$	12,852
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	\$_	12,600	\$_	14,040	\$_	10,842 \$	3,198
Total nondepartmental	\$	12,600	\$_	14,040	\$	10,842 \$	3,198
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	\$	2,394,181 1,263,751	\$	2,484,866 1,315,095	\$	2,484,866 \$ 1,315,000	- 95
Total debt service	\$_	3,657,932	\$_	3,799,961	\$	3,799,866 \$	95
Total General Fund	\$_	15,024,863	\$_	16,258,357	\$_	15,991,659 \$	266,698
County Capital Projects Fund: Capital outlay / projects: Public Safety: Contribution to rescue squad Motor vehicles and equipment Contribution to fire department	\$	- - -	\$	36,454 35,000 11,820	\$	36,454 \$ - 11,820	- 35,000 -
Total public safety	\$_	-	\$_	83,274	\$_	48,274 \$	35,000
Education: Elementary School roof project	\$_	-	\$_	140,646	\$_	140,646 \$	- _
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$_	223,920	\$_	188,920 \$	35,000
Total Expenditures Primary Government	\$_	15,024,863	\$	16,482,277	\$	16,180,579 \$	301,698

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Component Unit School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Education: Instruction - general	\$	10,779,372	¢	10,976,215	¢	10,750,943 \$	225,272
Administration, attendance and health	φ	1,096,613	Φ	1,096,613	φ	1,126,299	(29,686)
Pupil transportation services		1,199,666		1,250,100		1,250,100	(27,000)
Operation and maintenance services		995,607		995,607		998,618	(3,011)
School food services		-		-		48,697	(48,697)
Technology	_	514,903		514,903	_	482,812	32,091
Total education	\$_	14,586,161	\$_	14,833,438	\$_	14,657,469 \$	175,969
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	14,586,161	\$_	14,833,438	\$_	14,657,469 \$	175,969
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education:							
School food services	\$	817,498	\$	817,498	\$	867,305 \$	(49,807)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	817,498	\$_	817,498	\$_	867,305 \$	(49,807)
Total ExpendituresComponent Unit School Board	\$ _	15,403,659	\$_	15,650,936	\$_	15,524,774 \$	126,162





COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	13,727,025	17,739,173	17,658,420	17,428,340	16,288,125	16,290,660	16,301,739	16,708,231	17,396,855
Water & Sewer	511,162 \$	692,743	. 610,005	, 662, 686	620,279	646,448	. 652,560	. 196'069	730,577
Interest on Debt	407,700 \$ 629,286 \$ 511,162 \$ 13,727,025	1,099,526	2,141,701	2,535,022	2,150,144	2,039,794	4,071,529	1,480,431	1,374,340
community Develop- ment	407,700 \$	1,337,794	746,629	427,487	729,559	367,939	505,311	294,208	297,632
Recreation Community and Develop- Cultural ment	182,374 \$	188,984	190,112	177,854	208,402	223,140	216,682	206,844	204,057
Education Education	4,378,988 \$	6,778,573	6,339,648	6,066,332	5,255,483	5,851,389	4,045,744	6,332,577	7,070,705
Health and Welfare	555,793 \$ 2,146,137 \$ 1,065,558 \$ 2,294,192 \$ 4,378,988 \$	2,109,789	2,080,940	1,907,322	1,903,164	1,762,706	1,543,412	1,857,983	1,932,796
Public Works	1,065,558\$	1,136,599	1,212,922	1,445,732	1,461,077	1,263,236	1,315,917	1,458,828	1,464,246
Public Safety	2,146,137 \$	2,516,490	2,354,306	2,186,375	2,181,972	2,238,713	2,200,219	2,473,338	2,554,065
Judicial Admini- stration	555,793 \$	440,064	425,338	438,445	438,398	471,552	454,536	570,586	554,421
General Government Admini- stration	2006-07 \$ 1,555,835 \$	1,438,611	1,556,822	1,581,085	1,339,647	1,425,743	1,295,829	1,342,469	1,214,016
Go Fiscal Year	2006-07 \$	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	14,739,409	16,925,226	13,157,437	15,355,357	18,448,248	15,764,528	16,454,290	16,318,717	17,881,734	15,692,085
					Miscellaneous	603,113 \$	47,495	117,828	139,493	136,369	227,698	361,920	99,118	74,365	110,326
evenues	Revenues	from the	Use of	Money &	Property	281,990 \$	562,769	166,644	61,838	137,411	99,328	92,575	79,946	81,536	84,321
General Revenues	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	1,013,486 \$	987,713	928,274	1,020,737	976,825	966,551	1,383,247	1,300,190	1,370,941	1,316,056
			Other	Local	Taxes	1,296,960 \$	1,370,255	1,321,181	1,363,354	1,334,909	1,275,388	965,288	947,716	984,107	978,723
			General	Property	Taxes	6,727,441 \$	6,671,011	798'686'9	7,390,476	8,518,154	8,448,999	8,704,733	8,343,548	8,338,761	8,616,541
			Capital	Grants and	Contributions	1,647,298 \$	3,575,280	618,820	2,076,773	3,789,930	1,225,495	1,543,259	1,730,254	1,138,700	1,131,900
Program Revenues			Operating	Grants and	Contributions	2,643,613 \$	2,847,017	2,479,867	2,528,839	2,391,346	2,311,805	2,170,663	2,631,295	2,700,794	2,802,462
ď			Charges	for	Services	525,508 \$	863,686	534,956	773,847	1,163,304	1,209,264	1,232,605	1,186,650	3,192,530	651,756
	•			Fiscal	Year	2006-07 \$	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	26,840,428	28,695,702	26,682,460	26,897,927	29,404,754	27,252,763	26,626,566	27,149,998	29,459,576	26,999,330
Inter- govern- mental	17,458,744 \$	19,051,343	17,304,937	16,540,010	17,846,477	15,604,891	14,685,826	15,720,847	16,360,294	16,289,560
Miscellaneous	\$ 056'996	320,653	617,714	559,921	589,840	802,416	989,541	775,774	693,876	960,095
Charges for Services	317,769 \$	578,216	339,471	854,198	868,884	843,312	895,970	896,444	2,833,525	350,882
Revenues from the Use of Money & Property	321,055 \$	569,478	157,506	59,441	134,952	98,136	85,999	79,467	81,272	83,689
Fines & Forfeitures	50,642 \$	66,921	78,229	113,623	125,207	156,539	167,216	155,961	147,655	102,033
Permit Privilege Fees & Regulatory Licenses	102,542 \$	70,618	67,754	29,063	66,405	61,946	64,569	58,837	61,476	53,823
Other Local Taxes	1,296,960 \$	1,370,255	1,321,181	1,363,354	1,334,909	1,284,734	973,823	947,716	984,107	978,723
General Property Taxes	\$ 6,325,766 \$ 1,296,960 \$	6,668,218	899'261'9	7,348,317	8,438,080	8,400,789	8,763,622	8,514,952	8,297,371	8,535,525
Fiscal	2006-07 \$	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

General Government Expenditures by Function (1) (2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

:- Total	- \$ 34,065,822	- 65,161,834	- 33,592,916	- 33,121,737	6 26,579,270	00 27,263,850	9 48,905,586	17 27,306,412	29,090,208	27,923,729
Non- Depart- mental	·				92,516	80,400	59,919	6,887	14,324	10,842
Debt Service	408,285 \$ 1,317,939 \$	11,404,038	3,176,907	3,964,104	4,073,922	4,034,774	26,941,616	3,855,932	3,830,264	3,799,866
Community Develop- ment		1,131,705	882,579	443,285	730,065	362,387	506,361	293,126	300,431	347,466
Recreation and Cultural	179,847 \$	195,137	185,889	175,255	203,921	220,829	211,070	203,510	203,446	193,257
Education	2,267,877 \$ 23,954,584 \$	44,165,345	21,919,874	21,123,845	14,496,027	15,492,195	14,493,758	15,504,216	16,879,087	15,672,638
Health and Welfare	2,267,877 \$	2,098,924	2,071,123	1,923,523	1,872,248	1,773,658	1,532,749	1,854,124	1,960,970	2,223,773
Public Works	1,165,470 \$	1,160,817	1,164,780	1,519,811	1,350,482	1,312,227	1,366,527	1,383,846	1,439,178	1,340,675
Public Safety	2,816,990 \$	3,244,244	2,321,515	2,036,541	2,087,633	2,172,963	2,144,206	2,384,014	2,595,776	2,452,995
Judicial Adminis- tration	477,398 \$	347,533	344,985	348,507	351,836	381,156	365,187	485,454	474,705	426,292
General Adminis- tration	2006-07 \$ 1,477,432 \$	1,414,091	1,525,264	1,586,866	1,320,620	1,433,261	1,284,193	1,332,303	1,392,027	1,455,925
Fiscal Year	2006-07 \$	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

⁽²⁾ Does not include non-departmental expenditures & contributions from the Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	11.34% 11.50% 11.86% 11.48% 12.00% 11.24% 11.32% 11.85%
Outstanding (1,3,4) Delinquent Taxes	820,046 852,804 910,187 937,772 971,461 1,094,179 1,036,767 1,038,108 1,012,552 1,099,043
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	97.00% \$ 98.63% 97.61% 98.72% 99.25% 98.40% 101.12% 101.28%
Total Tax Collections	7,013,056 7,313,097 7,490,268 8,063,663 9,053,354 8,975,479 9,323,231 9,126,167 9,061,063
Delinquent (1) Tax (2) Collections	226,342 \$ 303,978 229,173 323,129 377,159 338,643 530,713 349,633 390,400
Percent of Levy Collected	93.87% \$ 94.53% 94.62% 94.76% 95.11% 96.57% 96.06%
Current Tax (1) Collections	6,786,714 7,009,119 7,261,095 7,740,534 8,676,195 8,636,836 8,792,518 8,776,534 8,670,652
Total (1,4) Tax Levy	2006-07 \$ 7,230,249 \$ 2007-08 7,414,535 2008-09 7,673,636 2009-10 8,168,244 2010-11 9,121,905 2011-12 9,121,509 2012-13 9,220,367 2013-14 9,087,831 2014-15 8,978,881
Fiscal	2006-07 \$ 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes personal and real property

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

-iscal	Real		Personal		Mobile	Public		Machinery	
ĺ	Estate	' 	Property	1	Homes	Service	Airplane	& Tools	Total
↔	716,805,203	↔	55,903,746	↔	8,430,631	\$ 56,383,503 \$	1,772,700 \$	2,014,328 \$	841,310,111
	730,275,447		57,024,862		8,531,438	64,696,398	1,549,585	1,925,603	864,003,333
	739,662,170		61,957,207		8,553,171	64,153,584	1,609,140	2,314,164	878,249,436
	795,199,387		54,473,377		8,597,263	60,485,203	1,427,581	2,504,409	922,687,220
	850,430,361		57,149,558		7,110,616	67,684,115	1,184,500	2,117,341	985,676,491
	855,916,262		57,564,245		7,187,152	75,200,914	1,415,432	2,264,637	999,548,642
	861,560,435		57,729,401		7,183,790	82,283,896	1,387,700	2,125,112	1,012,270,334
	809,456,777		57,899,353		7,131,049	84,616,150	1,759,366	2,237,038	963,099,733
2014-15	754,161,126		57,654,972		5,097,583	89,308,219	1,282,000	2,607,358	910,111,258
	755,647,443		57,656,604		5,141,805	99,504,783	989,730	3,548,241	922,488,606

↔	Real Estate 0.59/0.59 0.59/0.59 0.59/0.59	√	Property 4.50 4.40 4.40	l ↔	Public Service 0.59/0.59 0.59/0.59	l	Airplane 0.50 0.50 0.50	l	& Tools & Tools 4.50 3.75 3.75
	0.59/0.70		4.40		0.59/0.70		0.50		3.75
	0.70/0.68		4.50		0.70/0.68		0.50		3.75
	0.68/0.68		4.50		0.68/0.68		0.50		3.75
	0.68/0.68		4.50		0.68/0.68		0.50		3.75
	0.68/0.74		4.50		0.68/0.74		0.50		3.75
	0.68/0.74		4.50		0.68/0.74		0.50		3.75
	0.74/0.78		4.50		0.74/0.78		0.50		3.75

Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 7

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	1,122	2,407	2,005	4,844	4,802	4,581	4,662	4,407	3,715	3,471
Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	0.0120 \$	0.0258	0.0522	0.0497	0.0469	0.0419	0.0421	0.0393	0.0388	0.0383
Net Bonded Debt	10,118,550	21,700,029	45,127,972	43,674,733	43,297,088	41,310,143	42,039,384	39,735,906	37,344,422	34,889,571
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	10,118,550 \$	21,700,029	45,127,972	43,674,733	43,297,088	41,310,143	42,039,384	39,735,906	37,344,422	34,889,571
Assessed Value (2)	841,310,111 \$	841,310,111	864,003,333	878,249,436	922,687,220	985,676,491	999,548,642	1,012,270,334	963,099,733	910,111,258
Population (1)	9,017 \$	9,017	9,017	9,017	9,017	9,017	9,017	9,017	10,052	10,052
Fiscal	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

(2) From Table 6

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans.

Excludes capital leases, and compensated absences.







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland Cumberland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Cumberland, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Cumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Cumberland, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia

November 30, 2016

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Cumberland Cumberland, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Cumberland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. County of Cumberland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Cumberland, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Cumberland Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Cumberland, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Cumberland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Cumberland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlottesville, Virginia

timon, Farmer, Cox Associates

November 30, 2016

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	<u>E</u> >	Federal spenditures
Primary Government:				
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Pass through payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0040111	\$	124,421
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	124,421
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Transportation:				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	Unknown	\$	4,373
Total Department of Transportation			\$	4 272
Total Department of Transportation			-	4,373
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Emergency Services:				
Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program	97.024	Unknown	\$	3,500
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	3,500
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	Unknown	\$	364
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400111		135,294
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500111		100
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600411		12,145
Child care and development block grant	93.575	Unknown		-66
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	00.507	07/0444		10.115
and Development Fund	93.596	0760111		19,145
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Service Programs	93.645	0900111		681
Foster Care Title IV - E	93.658	1100111		66,271
Adoption Assistance	93.659 93.667	1120111		47,802
Social Services Block Grant Chafee Fector Care Independence Program	93.674	1000111 9150111		83,604 528
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540111		5,098
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200111		155,925
inedical Assistance Frogram	93.776	1200111		100,920
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	526,891
Total Primary Government			\$	659,185

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Pass through payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Pass through payments Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Pass through payments Prood distribution - Summer Food Service Program 10.555	Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_	<u>!</u>	Federal Expenditures
Pass through payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food distribution - National School Lunch Program 10.555 Unknown \$ 759 Food distribution - National School Lunch Program 10.555 Unknown \$ 463,247 Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555 406230 47,938 511,185 School Breakfast Program 10.553 405910 175,846 Total Department of Agriculture \$ 8687,790 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass through payments: Virgina Department of Education: 1716 1716 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): \$ 84.077 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 33,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education State Grants 84.388 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.388 43.388 43810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.287 605650 198,982 Trans Total Department of Education 84.388 8	Component Unit - School Board:					
Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food distribution - Summer Food Service Program 10.559 Unknown \$ 759 Food distribution - National School Lunch Program 10.555 Unknown \$ 463,247 Total Department of Education: 10.555 406230 47,938 511,185 511,185 511,185 510,000 5 8,000 5 8,000 175,846	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:					
Department of Agriculture: Food distribution - Summer Food Service Program 10.559 Unknown \$ 759 Food distribution - National School Lunch Program 10.555 Unknown \$ 463,247 Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555 406230 47,938 511,185 School Breakfast Program 10.553 405910 715,846 Total Department of Agriculture \$ 687,790 School Breakfast Program 10.553 405910 715,846 School Breakfast Program 10.553 405910 715,846 School Breakfast Program 715,						
Food distribution - Summer Food Service Program 10.559						
Food distribution - National School Lunch Program 10.555 Unknown \$ 463,247 Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555 406230 47,938 511,185 405910 175,846 175,84	·					
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555 406230 47,938 511,185 School Breakfast Program 10.553 405910 175,846 Total Department of Agriculture \$687,790 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass through payments: Pass through payments: Pass						759
National School Lunch Program		10.555	Unknown	\$	463,247	
School Breakfast Program		10 555	40/220		47.020	F11 10F
Total Department of Agriculture \$ 687,790					47,938	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass through payments: Virgina Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 \$ Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 \$ Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 \$ Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 \$ Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 11,159,575 \$ DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221 \$ \$ 1,914,221 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	SCHOOL BLEAKIAST FLOGIAIL	10.555	403910		=	173,640
Pass through payments: Virgina Department of Educations: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense	Total Department of Agriculture				\$_	687,790
Pass through payments: Virgina Department of Educations: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:					
Virgina Department of Education: 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Grants to States 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: 1 1 1 1 Direct payments: 1 1 1 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 429010 \$ 452,762 Special Education Cluster (IDEA): \$ 253,704 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: \$ 1,159,575 Direct payments: 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221						
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: \$ 66,856 Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221	0 1	84.010	429010		\$	452,762
Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 430710, 871380 \$ 253,704 Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: \$ 66,856 Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221	ů				·	,
Special Education - Preschool grants 84.173 625210 17,374 271,078 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: \$ 1,159,575 Direct payments: 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221	, ,	84.027	430710, 871380	\$	253,704	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 610950, 866470 38,590 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$1,159,575 \$ DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$66,856 Total Department of Defense \$1,914,221	•	84.173			,	271.078
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$66,856 Total Department of Defense \$66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$1,914,221		84.048		_	,	
Teacher Quality State Grants) 84.367 614800 143,700 Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: \$ 1,159,575 Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221			2.2.22, 222			55,515
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 605650 198,982 Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221	11 0 , 3 1 0	84.367	614800			143,700
Rural Education 84.358 434810 38,611 English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 605120 15,852 Total Department of Education \$ 1,159,575 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments: Jr. ROTC payments 12.000 n/a \$ 66,856 Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221			605650			
Total Department of Education \$\frac{1,159,575}{1,159,575}\$ \[\text{DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:} \\ \text{Direct payments:} \\ \text{Jr. ROTC payments} & 12.000 & n/a & \$66,856 \\ \text{Total Department of Defense} & \$66,856 \\ \text{Total Component Unit School Board} & \$1,914,221 \\ \end{array}		84.358	434810			
Total Department of Education \$\frac{1,159,575}{1,159,575}\$ \[\text{DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:} \\ \text{Direct payments:} \\ \text{Jr. ROTC payments} & 12.000 & n/a & \$66,856 \\ \text{Total Department of Defense} & \$66,856 \\ \text{Total Component Unit School Board} & \$1,914,221 \\ \end{array}	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	605120			15,852
Direct payments:Jr. ROTC payments12.000n/a\$ 66,856Total Department of Defense\$ 66,856Total Component Unit School Board\$ 1,914,221					\$	1,159,575
Direct payments:Jr. ROTC payments12.000n/a\$ 66,856Total Department of Defense\$ 66,856Total Component Unit School Board\$ 1,914,221	DEDADTMENT OF DEFENCE.					
Jr. ROTC payments12.000n/a\$ 66,856Total Department of Defense\$ 66,856Total Component Unit School Board\$ 1,914,221						
Total Department of Defense \$ 66,856 Total Component Unit School Board \$ 1,914,221		12 000	n/a		•	66 956
Total Component Unit School Board \$\frac{1,914,221}{2}\$	31. NOTO payments	12.000	117 d		Ψ_	00,030
	Total Department of Defense				\$_	66,856
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 2,573,406	Total Component Unit School Board				\$	1,914,221
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$_	2,573,406

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Cumberland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the reporting requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Cumberland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County of Cumberland, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	655,685
Special Welfare Fund	_	3,500
Total primary government	\$_	659,185
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,914,221
Total Component Unit School Board	\$_	1,914,221
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$_	2,573,406
Total fodoral expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	2,573,406

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficienc(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553 / 10.555 / 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster 93.778 Medical Asistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

Type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There are no findings from the prior year.